This policy becomes effective and replaces the policy on *Suspension Procedures* on the first student attendance day of the 2016-2017 school year.

Suspension Procedures

In-School Suspension

The Superintendent or designee is authorized to maintain an in-school suspension program. The program shall include, at a minimum, each of the following:

- 1. Before assigning a student to in-school suspension, the charges will be explained and the student will be given an opportunity to respond to the charges.
- 2. Students are supervised by licensed school personnel.
- 3. Students are given the opportunity to complete classroom work during the in-school suspension for equivalent academic credit.

Out-of-School Suspension

The Superintendent or designee shall implement suspension procedures that provide, at a minimum, for each of the following:

- 1. A conference during which the charges will be explained and the student will be given an opportunity to respond to the charges before he or she may be suspended.
- 2. A pre-suspension conference is not required, and the student can be immediately suspended when the student's presence poses a continuing danger to persons or property or an ongoing threat of disruption to the educational process. In such cases, the notice and conference shall follow as soon as practicable.
- 3. An attempted phone call to the student's parent(s)/guardian(s).
- 4. A written notice of the suspension to the parent(s)/guardian(s) and the student, which shall:
 - a. Provide notice to the parent(s)/guardian(s) of their child's right to a review of the suspension;
 - b. Include information about an opportunity to make up work missed during the suspension for equivalent academic credit;
 - c. Detail the specific act of gross disobedience or misconduct resulting in the decision to suspend;
 - d. Provide rationale or an explanation of how the chosen number of suspension days will address the threat or disruption posed by the student or his or her act of gross disobedience or misconduct; and
 - e. Depending upon the length of the out-of-school suspension, include the following applicable information:
 - i. For a suspension of 3 school days or less, an explanation that the student's continuing presence in school would either pose:
 - a) A threat to school safety, or
 - b) A disruption to other students' learning opportunities.
 - ii. For a suspension of 4 or more school days, an explanation:
 - a) That other appropriate and available behavioral and disciplinary interventions have been exhausted,
 - b) As to whether school officials attempted other interventions or determined that no other interventions were available for the student, and
 - c) That the student's continuing presence in school would either:

- i) Pose a threat to the safety of other students, staff, or members of the school community, or
- ii) Substantially disrupt, impede, or interfere with the operation of the school.
- iii. For a suspension of 5 or more school days, the information listed in section 4.e.ii., above, along with documentation by the Superintendent or designee determining what, if any, appropriate and available support services will be provided to the student during the length of his or her suspension.
- 5. A summary of the notice, including the reason for the suspension and the suspension length, must be given to the Board by the Superintendent or designee.
- 6. Upon request of the parent(s)/guardian(s), a review of the suspension shall be conducted by the Board or a hearing officer appointed by the Board. At the review, the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) may appear and discuss the suspension with the Board or its hearing officer and may be represented by counsel. Whenever there is evidence that mental illness may be the cause for the suspension, the Superintendent or designee shall invite a representative from the Department of Human Services to consult with the Board. After presentation of the evidence or receipt of the hearing officer's report, the Board shall take such action as it finds appropriate. If the suspension is upheld, the Board's written suspension decision shall specifically detail items (a) and (e) in number 4, above.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-22.6.

Goss v. Lopez, 95 S.Ct. 729 (1975).

Sieck v. Oak Park River-Forest High School, 807 F.Supp. 73 (N.D. Ill., E.D., 1992).

CROSS REF.: 5:100 (Staff Development), 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:190 (Student

Behavior), 7:220 (Bus Conduct)

Date Established			
	<u></u>		
Date Revised	May 2	016	

This policy becomes effective and replaces the current policy on *Expulsion Procedures* on the first student attendance day of the 2016-2017 school year.

Expulsion Procedures

The Superintendent or designee shall implement expulsion procedures that provide, at a minimum, for the following:

- 1. Before a student may be expelled, the student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) shall be provided a written request to appear at a hearing to determine whether the student should be expelled. The request shall be sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested. The request shall:
 - a. Include the time, date, and place for the hearing.
 - b. Briefly describe what will happen during the hearing.
 - c. Detail the specific act of gross disobedience or misconduct resulting in the decision to recommend expulsion.
 - d. List the student's prior suspension(s).
 - e. State that the School Code allows the School Board to expel a student for a definite period of time not to exceed 2 calendar years, as determined on a case-by-case basis.
 - f. Ask that the student or parent(s)/guardian(s) or attorney inform the Superintendent or Board Attorney if the student will be represented by an attorney and, if so, the attorney's name and contact information.
- 2. Unless the student and parent(s)/guardian(s) indicate that they do not want a hearing or fail to appear at the designated time and place, the hearing will proceed. It shall be conducted by the Board or a hearing officer appointed by it. If a hearing officer is appointed, he or she shall report to the Board the evidence presented at the hearing and the Board shall take such final action as it finds appropriate. Whenever there is evidence that mental illness may be the cause for the recommended expulsion, the Superintendent or designee shall invite a representative from the Dept. of Human Services to consult with the Board.
- 3. During the expulsion hearing, the Board or hearing officer shall hear evidence concerning whether the student is guilty of the gross disobedience or misconduct as charged. School officials must provide: (1) testimony of any other interventions attempted and exhausted or of their determination that no other appropriate and available interventions were available for the student, and (2) evidence of the threat or disruption posed by the student. The student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) may be represented by counsel, offer evidence, present witnesses, cross-examine witnesses who testified, and otherwise present reasons why the student should not be expelled. After presentation of the evidence or receipt of the hearing officer's report, the Board shall decide the issue of guilt and take such action as it finds appropriate.
- 4. If the Board acts to expel the student, its written expulsion decision shall:
 - a. Detail the specific reason why removing the student from his or her learning environment is in the best interest of the school.
 - b. Provide a rationale for the specific duration of the recommended expulsion.
 - c. Document how school officials determined that all behavioral and disciplinary interventions have been exhausted by specifying which interventions were attempted or whether school officials determined that no other appropriate and available interventions existed for the student.
 - d. Document how the student's continuing presence in school would (1) pose a threat to the safety of other students, staff, or members of the school community, or (2) substantially disrupt, impede, or interfere with the operation of the school.
- 5. Upon expulsion, the District may refer the student to appropriate and available support services.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-22.6(a).

Goss v. Lopez, 95 S.Ct. 729 (1975).

CROSS REF.: 5:100 (Staff Development); 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:190 (Student

Behavior), 7:200 (Suspension Procedures), 7:230 (Misconduct by Students with

Disabilities)

Date Established		
Date Revised	May. 2016	

Bus Conduct

All students must follow the District's School Bus Safety Rules.

School Bus Suspensions

The Superintendent, or any designee as permitted in the School Code, is authorized to suspend a student from riding the school bus for up to 10 consecutive school days for engaging in gross disobedience or misconduct, including but not limited to, the following:

- 1. Prohibited student conduct as defined in School Board policy, 7:190, Student Behavior.
- 2. Willful injury or threat of injury to a bus driver or to another rider.
- 3. Willful and/or repeated defacement of the bus.
- 4. Repeated use of profanity.
- 5. Repeated willful disobedience of a directive from a bus driver or other supervisor.
- 6. Such other behavior as the Superintendent or designee deems to threaten the safe operation of the bus and/or its occupants.

If a student is suspended from riding the bus for gross disobedience or misconduct on a bus, the School Board may suspend the student from riding the school bus for a period in excess of 10 days for safety reasons. The District's regular suspension procedures shall be used to suspend a student's privilege to ride a school bus.

Academic Credit for Missed Classes During School Bus Suspension

A student suspended from riding the bus who does not have alternate transportation to school shall have the opportunity to complete or make up work for equivalent academic credit. It shall be the responsibility of the student's parent or guardian to notify the school that the student does not have alternate transportation.

Electronic Recordings on School Buses

Date Revised May, 2016

Electronic visual and audio recordings may be used on school buses to monitor conduct and to promote and maintain a safe environment for students and employees when transportation is provided for any school related activity. Notice of electronic recordings shall be displayed on the exterior of the vehicle's entrance door and front interior bulkhead in compliance with State law and the rules of the Illinois Department of Transportation, Division of Traffic Safety.

Students are prohibited from tampering with electronic recording devices. Students who violate this policy shall be disciplined in accordance with the Board's discipline policy and shall reimburse the School District for any necessary repairs or replacement.

LEGAL REF.:	Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. §1232g; 34 C.F.R. Part 99. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.14, 5/10-22.6, and 10/. 720 ILCS 5/14-3(m). 23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 375, Student Records.
CROSS REF.:	4:110 (Transportation), 4:170 (Safety), 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:170 (Vandalism), 7:190 (Student Behavior), 7:200 (Suspension Procedures), 7:230 (Misconduct by Students with Disabilities), 7:340 (Student Records)
ADMIN. PROC.:	4:110-AP3 (School Bus Safety Rules)
Date Established _	

POLICY AND PROCEDURES FOR THE USE OF BEHAVIORAL INTERVENTIONS

I. STATEMENT OF POLICY

Dakota School District 201 is committed to providing a learning environment for all students, which will enhance their academic, social, and personal growth. The Board of Education of Dakota School District 201 recognizes that appropriate interventions are necessary for all students, disabled or non-disabled, whose behavior is not consistent with these goals, and that principals, teachers and other school personnel who work with students require training and guidance in the use of behavioral interventions.

The board recognizes that the use of positive or non-aversive interventions is most consistent with the educational goals of promoting students' academic, social, and personal growth. Therefore, non-aversive or positive interventions designed to develop and strengthen desirable behaviors should be used to the maximum extent possible and are preferable to the use of aversive and more restrictive procedures. While positive approaches alone may not always succeed in controlling extremely inappropriate behavior, the use of more restrictive procedures should generally be considered to be temporary and should be approached with caution and restraint.

II. PARENT-TEACHER ADVISORY COMMITTEE

The Board of Education shall establish and maintain a Parent-Teacher Advisory Committee comprised of parents, teachers, and individuals who are knowledgeable about behavioral interventions, and other interested citizens. In addition to the development of written policies governing the use of behavioral interventions in the school setting, the Committee shall: (1) review this and other School District 201 policies on student discipline and the use of behavioral interventions on at least an annual basis; (2) serve as a review committee to insure the dignity and privacy of students and to insure that School District 201 adopts and maintains high professional standards and best practices in the use of behavioral interventions; and, (3) advise the Board of Education regarding issues arising from the use of behavioral interventions.

III. DESIGNATION OF BEHAVIORAL INTERVENTIONS BY LEVEL OF RESTRICTIVENESS

Behavioral interventions employed by School District 201 staff may be (1) non-restrictive, (2) restrictive, and (3) highly restrictive. School District 201 staff will use non-restrictive procedures unless a student's behavior is extreme and potentially harmful to the health, safety, and well being of the student or others. If non-restrictive measures are ineffective in addressing the student's behavior, restrictive measures will be employed. If these are not effective, highly restrictive measures will be employed. Under no circumstances will School District 201 staff utilize interventions that are prohibited by law, i.e., corporal punishment, physical manipulation or procedures that cause pain and/or damage when used as an aversive procedure, expulsion with cessation of services of students with disabilities, or faradic (electric) skin shock.

See Appendix A of this policy for examples of non-restrictive, restrictive, and highly restrictive behavioral interventions and the conditions in which they may be used.

IV. BEHAVIORAL INTERVENTION COMMITTEE

The Parent-Teacher Advisory Committee shall establish and maintain a school-based Behavioral Intervention Committee composed of a minimum of three members who have training in the use of behavioral interventions, preferably with one teacher and one school psychologist or social worker service on the Committee.

V. <u>BEHAVIORAL INTERVENTION CONSULTANT</u>

Each school district should designate at least one behavioral intervention consultant. This individual should have documented training in behavior analysis and behavioral intervention procedures with an emphasis on positive behavioral interventions. Competency in the following areas should be considered essential for persons serving as behavioral consultants.

- 1. Basic concepts and principles of human learning.
- 2. Methods of measuring human behavior including recording, displaying and interpreting data on human behavior.
- 3. Identification and explanation of behavior including behavioral assessment and functional analysis.
- 4. Intervention alternatives, including ecological manipulations, positive programming, and direct interventions.
- 5. Empirical and clinical methods for determining the effectiveness of behavioral interventions.
- 6. Legal and ethical issues relating to behavioral programming

VI. BEHAVIORAL MANAGEMENT PLANS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

Students receiving special education services who require use of a restrictive behavioral intervention shall have a written behavioral management plan developed by the student's IEP team and included in the student's IEP. This plan shall include: (1) a functional analysis of the target behavior of a concern; (2) a description of previous interventions attempted; (3) a detailed description of the behaviors; (4) a detailed description of any restrictive intervention procedures to be used; (5) a list of measurable behavior changes expected and method(s) of evaluation; (6) a schedule for review of intervention effectiveness; and (7) a list of provisions for coordinating with the home.

Parents or guardians of students with disabilities have the right to be involved actively in the development of any behavioral management plan utilizing restrictive procedures. Parents shall be informed fully of the rationale, procedures, and possible outcomes of a behavior management plan developed at an IEP meeting. All procedural safeguards, including rights to conflict resolution, mediation, and an impartial due process hearing, as required through the <u>Individuals With Disabilities Education Act</u> and <u>The School Code</u> shall be applicable to the resolution of disputes involving behavioral intervention plans for students with disabilities.

VII. EMERGENCY USE OF RESTRICTIVE INTERVENTIONS

Effective management of crisis situations requires preparation and sensitivity to students' rights. Always use interventions that are the least intrusive possible to reasonably respond to the situation.

If a pattern of behavior occurs which interferes significantly with student learning, an IEP team meeting should be held. The IEP team should meet no later than ten days after the emergency procedures have commenced. A functional analysis of the student's behavior should be completed and a behavioral management plan developed.

Parents or guardians should be notified within twenty-four hours when a restrictive procedure is used in an emergency situation.

"Emergency" refers to a situation in which immediate restrictive intervention is necessary to protect students and staff from physical injury, severe emotional abuse, severe property damage, and serious and continuous disruption of the classroom..

VIII. PROVIDE FOR PARENT INVOLVEMENT AND ASSURANCE OF DUE PROCESS RIGHTS

Parents and/or guardians have the right to be actively involved in the development of any behavioral management plan utilizing restrictive procedures. Parents and guardians should be provided copies and/or explanations of the functional analysis conducted and the behavioral management plan developed for their

child. They shall be informed fully of the rationale for procedures, and possible outcomes of a behavior management plan developed at an IEP meeting and receive written notification.

The use of behavioral interventions should be documented in the student's IEP. Under no circumstances shall a behavioral management plan be implemented without its inclusion in the IEP. For students who already have an IEP established, an IEP meeting would need to be reconvened to modify the existing IEP. All procedural safeguards, including rights to conflict resolution, mediation, and an impartial due process hearing, as required through the Individuals with Disabilities Act and The School Code, shall be applicable to the resolution of disputes involving behavioral intervention plans.

IX. STAFF TRAINING AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The district shall make available, as necessary, workshops to assure that adequately trained staff are available to work effectively with the behavioral intervention needs of students who require behavioral intervention.

X. NOTICE

The district shall furnish a copy of the policy to parents and guardians of all students IEPs within 15 calendar days after the board has adopted the policy, or at the time an IEP is first implemented for the student, and the beginning of each school year thereafter.

Annually, each school operated by the Board shall inform its students of the existence of the policy.

Policy and Procedures for the Use of Behavioral Interventions

XI. <u>I.S.B.E. REFERENCE</u>

This policy has been developed based on a review of the document entitled "Behavioral Interventions in Schools: Guidelines for Development of District Policies for Students With Disabilities", and Section 14-8.05 of the <u>School Code</u> as amended by P.A. 89-191. The guideline document was prepared by the Illinois State Board of Education and is dated June 30, 199r. A copy of these guidelines may be requested from the Illinois State Board of Education, 100 North First Street, Springfield IL 62777-0001.

XII. EFFECTIVE DATE

The policy will be effective January 1, 1996.

DESIGNATION OF BEHAVIORAL INTERVENTIONS BY LEVEL OF RESTRUCTIVENESS

Following is an alphabetized, non-exhaustive list of behavioral interventions organized according to four levels of restrictiveness: non-restrictive, restrictive, highly restrictive, and prohibited.

Interventions listed as non-restrictive are preferred, when appropriate, because of the low risk of negative side effects and the high priority placed on positive behavior change rather than behavior control. These interventions may be used without the development of a written behavioral management plan or inclusion in the student's IEP. A best practices approach to the implementation of any behavioral intervention, however, involves a functional analysis of the behavior of concern, careful planning and monitoring of the intervention procedures, and systematic evaluation of intervention outcomes. The use of positive and non-aversive interventions should be given the highest priority and should be directed at the development of positive student behaviors and skills.

Definition of Behavioral Interventions By Level of Restrictiveness

Non-restrictive Interventions

- Allow Student To Escape Task allow student to avoid task or situation (e.g., leave area, excuse from participation).
- Call/Notify Parent contact parent to inform them of student's performance (e.g., notify parent of student's completion or lack of completion of in-class assignments/goals). Note: This intervention does not include requiring parent to remove student from class or school. If parent is required to remove student from school, this then becomes a suspension.
- Demerit a disciplinary referral with point values that may lead to further disciplinary action (e.g., loss of privilege, suspension).
- Differential Reinforcement reinforcement of a target behavior or any behavior other than a specified in appropriate behavior (e.g., positively reinforce on-task behavior while ignoring off-task behavior).
- Direct Instruction a sequenced and structured teaching approach that is academically focused and marked by activities where goals are clear, allocated instruction time is sufficient, performance of students is monitored closely, teacher questions are designed to produce many correct responses, and feedback to students is immediate and academically oriented. The goal of this approach is to move students through a sequenced set of materials or tasks.
- Environmental Modification changing the environment in order to influence a target behavior (e.g., alter seating, change task, modify curriculum).
- Instructional Assignment creation or modification of instructional assignment to increase the student's motivation, attention, success, etc.
- Modeling a process in which one person learns by observing the behavior, attitudes, or affective responses of another person (e.g., student observed others engaging in cooperative turn taking).
- Peer Involvement the use of student's peers to influence behavior (e.g., cooperative learning, peer modeling, peer tutoring).
- Planned Ignoring a type of extinction procedure in which the teacher ignores (i.e., withdraws attention) a target inappropriate behavior.
- Positive Reinforcement providing a reinforcer (e.g., praise, points, tokens) contingent upon a target response in order to increase the frequency of the response (e.g., praising student for cooperative turn taking).
- Prompting a cue (visual, auditory, physical) is presented in order to facilitate a given response (e.g., teacher uses hand signal to remind student to remain on-task).
- Proximity Control the use of physical proximity to control behavior (e.g., standing near student, eye contact).
- Redirect Student (verbal, non-verbal signal) either by verbal or non-verbal signal, redirect the student from an inappropriate to appropriate behavior/activity (e.g., teacher gives student hand signal when student should redirect himself/herself/student is directed to sit away from the group while remaining in the classroom.

Response-Cost – withdrawal of specified amounts of a reinforcer (e.g., tokens) in response to target inappropriate behavior (e.g., teacher takes away points for fighting).

Self-Management – a collection of strategies designed to increase a student's management and control of his/her own behavior. These strategies include training the student in self-monitoring, self-evaluation, and self-reinforcement.

Shaping – a procedure through which new behaviors are developed by systematically providing positive reinforcement to the student for closer approximations to the behavioral goal (e.g., in order to get student to remain seated at his/her desk, he/she first is regularly reinforced for entering classroom, then for being near his/her desk, then for touching his/her chair, then for being seated appropriately).

Teaching Alternative Behaviors – teaching the student appropriate behaviors that are functionally equivalent to the undesired target behavior (e.g., teach student to make appropriate requests of peers to complete with grabbing behavior).

Teacher Self-Reinforcement – teaching the student to self-monitor, self-evaluate, and provide himself/herself with positive reinforcement for the performance of desired target behaviors 9e.g., teach student to self-evaluate his/her level of on-task behavior during a given period and choose appropriate desired activity as positive reinforcement).

Token Economy – a system of individual reinforcement in which tokens (e.g., chips, points, check marks, paper money) are given for target behaviors. Tokens are used to obtain backup reinforcers (e.g., prizes, school supplies).

Verbal Feedback – providing student evaluative information about his/her performance (e.g., inform the student that he/she is working well on a given task).

Verbal Reprimand – chastising a student for inappropriate behavior.

Nonrestrictive with Caution

Contingent Exercise – requiring student to engage in physical exercise contingent on performance or nonperformance of a target behavior.

Detention (Before/After School; Weekend) – the student is required to attend school outside of normal class hours as a form of punishment (does not include extra instruction for academic purposes).

Exclusion From Extra-Curricular Activities – the student is prohibited from participation in extracurricular activities as a form of punishment (does not include exclusion due to failure to meet eligibility requirements or other prerequisite standard for participation).

Extinction – withholding reinforcement of a previously reinforced behavior (e.g., ignoring humorous but inappropriate comments).

Positive Practice/Overcorrection – repetitive practice of appropriate behavior which is incompatible with problem behavior.

Punishment Writing – an aversive stimulus in which the student is required to write a specified amount or for a specified period of time.

Redirect Student (Physically) – physically redirect the student from an inappropriate to appropriate behavior/activity (e.g., with hand on student's elbow, teacher walks student away from one activity to another).

Restitutional Overcorrection – student is required to overcorrect or improve on the original state of affairs (e.g., student who litters is asked to sweep entire floor).

Time-Out (Exclusionary/Physical) – contingent withdrawal of reinforcing stimuli by removing the student from the classroom (e.g., to the hallway, etc.), but does not involve restricted exit.

Time-Out (Nonexclusionary/Instructional) – contingent withdrawal of reinforcing stimuli, while the student remains in the classroom (e.g., student is seated away from group while remaining in the classroom).

Depending upon the student's needs, IEP, etc., these interventions may be restrictive in nature. With extensive use, these interventions may become restrictive in nature. Additionally, if they adversely affect student learning or extreme negative behaviors occur in response to them they could be considered restrictive interventions. Under these circumstances, all precautions (e.g., documentation) associated with a restrictive intervention should be followed.

Restrictive Interventions

Food Delay – food is contingently delayed for a specified period of time (e.g. detain student from lunch break for 15 minutes).

Forced Physical Guidance – physical guidance or redirection of any body part of the student (e.g., student refuses to pick-up item; he/she is manually guided to pick up object with hand over hand prompts).

Inhibiting Devices – devices that do not restrain physical movement but inhibit specific actions (e.g., an individual holds a physical aggressive student in order to protect the student or others from injury).

Manual Restraint – use of minimum amount of physical force necessary to hold ore restrain an individual (e.g., an individual holds a physical aggressive student in order to protect the student or others from injury).

Negative Practice – repetitive practice of inappropriate behavior to the point that its effectiveness is diminished and the behavior that is associated with it ceases to occur (e.g., student that steals gym towels is given so many towels that he/she begins to give them back).

Suspension – removal from school programs by administrative action for gross disobedience or misconduct for more than one full class period and not exceeding 10 school days. An out-of-school suspension is served off school grounds; an in-school suspension is served on school premises. Suspension from transportation resulting in the student's inability to attend his/her ordinary school program is a suspension from school. A student is not suspended when the nature and quality of the educational program and services provided during an in-school suspension are comparable to the nature and quality of the educational program and services required and otherwise provided to the student in the current placement. A suspension which constitutes a change in placement requires a revision to the IEP.

Time-Out – (Isolation/Quiet Room) – contingent withdrawal of reinforcing stimuli by removing the student from the classroom to a time-out room from which egress is restricted. The locking mechanism(s) on a time-out room must be constructed so that it engages only when a key or handle is being held by a person. When that person takes his/her hand off the handle or key, the door unlocks and the student is able to easily and readily open the door from the inside. That is, the door to such a room may not be one which remains closed when unattended.

Interventions listed as restrictive may be appropriate during emergency situations or when less restrictive interventions have been attempted and failed. Restrictive interventions include aversive and deprivation procedures that are associated with a higher risk of negative side effects. Therefore, greater caution should be exercised in their use. Restrictive interventions include aversive and deprivation procedures that are associated with a higher risk of negative side effects. Therefore, greater caution should be exercised in their use. Restrictive interventions should be used only after a functional analysis of behavior has been completed and documented, a behavioral management plan written, and appropriate modification of the student's IEP completed. Except in emergencies, restrictive interventions shall be used only when less restrictive interventions have been attempted unsuccessfully. Additionally, restrictive interventions shall be used for the minimum amount of time necessary to control the individual's behavior, shall be used in conjunction with positive interventions designed to strengthen competing behaviors, and shall be replaced by less restrictive procedures as quickly as possible.

Highly Restrictive Interventions

INTERVENTIONS LISTED AS HIGHLY RESTRICTIVE ARE DEEMED INAPPROPRIATE IN MOST CIRCUMSTANCES.

Aversive Mists, Aromatics, Tastes – use of a spray or substance with an unpleasant taste, noxious odor, or aversive physical sensation in order to terminate or control an undesired behavior.

Denial or Restriction of Access to regularly used equipment/devices that facilitates the child's educational functioning, except when such equipment is temporarily at risk for damage.

Mechanical Restraint – a device that physically restrains movement of the individual (e.g., harness restraint). Mechanical restraints prescribed by a physician or used as a safety procedure for transportation (e.g., seat belt) are not considered behavioral interventions.

Expulsion with Continuing Education Program – removal of the student from school for, not to extend beyond, the balance of the current school year with services continuing constitutes a change in placement and requires a revision to the IEP.

Law Enforcement Intervention – law enforcement agency is contacted to remove student from school setting. This would be done to protect the student from harming himself, others, or property.

Prohibited Interventions

Interventions listed as prohibited are illegal.

Corporal Punishment – (refer to P.A. 88-346)

Expulsion with Cessation of Services – removal of the student from school for, not to extend beyond the balance of the current school year with all services stopped.

Faradic Skin Shock – the use of electrical shock to control behavior or as punishment.

Physical Manipulation – physical manipulation or procedure that causes pain and/or tissue damage used as an aversive procedure.

REF:	
DATE EST.:	December, 1995
DATE REVISED:	

Misconduct by Students with Disabilities

Behavioral Interventions

Behavioral interventions shall be used with students with disabilities to promote and strengthen desirable behaviors and reduce identified inappropriate behaviors. The School Board will establish and maintain a committee to develop, implement, and monitor procedures on the use of behavioral interventions for children with disabilities.

Discipline of Special Education Students

The District shall comply with the Individuals With Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 and the Illinois State Board of Education's *Special Education* rules when disciplining special education students. No special education student shall be expelled if the student's particular act of gross disobedience or misconduct is a manifestation of his or her disability.

LEGAL REF.: Individuals With Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, 20 U.S.C. §§1412,

1413, and 1415.

Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. §7151 <u>et seq</u>. 34 C.F.R. §§300.101, 300.530 - 300.536. 105 ILCS 5/10-22.6 and 5/14-8.05.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §226.400. Honig v. Doe, 108 S.Ct. 592 (1988).

CROSS REF.: 2:150 (Committees), 6:120 (Education of Children with Disabilities), 7:130 (Student

Rights and Responsibilities), 7:190 (Student Behavior), 7:200 (Suspension Procedures),

7:210 (Expulsion Procedures), 7:220 (Bus Conduct)

Date Established		
Date Revised	May, 2016	

ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE - MISCONDUCT BY STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

Special Education Suspension Procedures

- 1. All suspension notices and suspension review procedures established by <u>The School Code</u> shall be followed when suspending a special education student. In addition, a special education student who is suspended from school shall receive educational services in accordance with the IDEA.
- 2. The first time a student is removed for more than 10 cumulative days during the school year, the District shall, no later than 10 business days after the decision to suspend a student is made, convene an IEP meeting to review and, if appropriate, modify the student's behavior intervention plan, as necessary, to address the student's behavior. If no behavior intervention plan is in place, the IEP team shall develop a plan for a functional behavioral assessment that must be used to develop a behavior intervention plan.
- 3. For all subsequent removals of the student that do not constitute a change in placement, the IEP team members must review the behavior intervention plan and its implementation. If any team member indicates that the plan may need to be modified, the IEP team must be convened to review the plan and revise it, if appropriate.
- 4. For all removals that exceed 10 cumulative days during one school year, the District must provide services to the student. School personnel, in conjunction with the student's special education teacher, shall determine the services to be provided. Such services must be designed to enable the student to progress in the general curriculum and advance toward his or her IEP goals.

Special Education Expulsion Procedures

- 1. The District shall promptly notify the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) of the disobedience or misconduct and whether the student shall be recommended for expulsion. All procedural protections pertaining to notice provided under the District's discipline policy shall apply to a notice of recommended expulsion in the case of a special education student. The parent(s)/guardian(s) shall also receive written notification that:
 - An IEP conference shall be convened to determine whether the student's act of gross disobedience or misconduct is a manifestation of his or her disability. The IEP meeting shall take place as soon as possible, but no later than 10 school days after the decision to discipline the student is made.
 - The student's parent(s)/guardian(s) are requested to attend the IEP team meeting at the date, time, and location specified in the notice.
- 2. For purposes of such manifestation determination review, the IEP team shall include the members of the student's IEP team and other qualified personnel including, but not limited to, the authorized administrator familiar with the act of misconduct.
- 3. In carrying out the manifestation determination review, the team shall consider, in terms of the behavior subject to the disciplinary action, all relevant information including:
 - Evaluation and diagnostic results, including relevant information supplied by the parents;
 - Observations of the student; and
 - The student's IEP and placement.
- 4. The team may determine that the subject behavior was not a manifestation of the student's disability only if it is determined that:
 - The student's IEP and placement were appropriate and special education, supplementary aids and services, and behavior intervention strategies were provided consistent with the student's IEP and placement;
 - The student's disability did not impair the ability of the student to understand the impact and consequences of the behavior subject to the disciplinary action; and
 - The student's disability did not impair the ability of the student to control the behavior subject to the disciplinary action.

- 5. If, at the manifestation determination review conference, it is determined that the behavior of the student was a manifestation of his or her disability, the authorized administrator shall not continue with his or her recommendation for expulsion. The authorized administrator may request a review of the appropriateness of the educational placement of the student in accordance with the ISBE Special Education Rules and Regulations. During the period necessary to propose a new placement, the student will remain in his or her then-current placement unless:
 - The student has not served a full 10 school day suspension imposed for the offense, in which case the student may be required to serve the remaining days of his or her suspension; or
 - The parent(s)/guardian(s) and the District agree on an interim placement; or
 - The District obtains an order from a court of competent jurisdiction or a State of Illinois hearing officer changing the then-current placement or providing for other appropriate relief.
- 6. If, at the manifestation determination review conference, it is determined that the behavior of the student was not a manifestation of his or her disability, the authorized administrator may continue with his or her recommendation that the student be considered for expulsion by the School Board. The parent(s)/guardian(s) shall receive written notice that includes the following provisions:
 - The parent(s)/guardian(s) are entitled to all rights provided under the IDEA and those set forth in the ISBE Special Education Rules and Regulations, as available to the parent(s)/guardian(s) from the District. A copy of the parent'(s)/guardian'(s) rights shall be included with the expulsion hearing notice.
 - In addition to issues regularly determined at an expulsion hearing, the authorized administrator
 must present evidence that the manifestation determination review team met and concluded that
 the student's misconduct was not a manifestation of his or her disability, which shall be duly
 noted by the School Board.
 - The administration shall ensure that relevant special education and disciplinary records of the student are transmitted for consideration by the School Board.
- 7. If a special education student is expelled from school in accordance with the procedures set forth above, the District shall convene an IEP meeting to develop an educational program to deliver educational services to the student during such period of expulsion.

Weapon and Drug Offenses In accordance with the above procedures, the District may take one or more of the following steps when a student with a disability carries a weapon to school or to a school function or knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance while at school or at a school-related function:

- 1. Suspend the student from school for 10 school days or less.
- 2. Convene an IEP conference to: (a) determine placement in an interim alternative educational setting for up to 45 calendar days, (b) review and, if appropriate, modify the student's behavior intervention plan, as necessary, to address the student's behavior, (if no behavior intervention plan is in place, the IEP team shall develop a plan for a functional behavioral assessment that must be used to develop a behavior intervention plan), and (c) conduct a manifestation determination review. The student may be placed in an interim alternative educational setting even if the behavior is a manifestation of the student's disability.
- 3. The interim alternative educational setting must:
 - Enable the student to continue to progress in the general curriculum;
 - Enable the student to receive the services and modifications set forth in his or her IEP; and
 - Include services and modifications designed to address the misconduct to prevent it from recurring.

4. If the parent(s)/guardian(s) disagree with the alternative educational placement or with the District-proposed placement and initiate a due process hearing, the student must remain in the alternative educational setting during the authorized review proceedings, unless the parent(s)/guardian(s) and the District agree on another placement.

Change of Placement if Maintenance of Current Placement Is Likely to Result in Injury

In the event that maintenance of a student's current placement is substantially likely to result in injury to the student or to others, the District may seek an order from a court of competent jurisdiction or a State of Illinois Due Process Hearing Officer to change the student's placement to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for one or more 45-day periods after convening an IEP meeting to:

- 1. Conduct a manifestation determination review following procedures described under subheading "Special Education Expulsion Procedures," paragraph numbers 3 and 4, and
- 2. Determine a proposed interim alternative educational setting that meets the requirements under sub-heading "Weapon and Drug Offenses," in paragraph number 3.

The length of time a student with a disability is placed in an alternative educational setting must be the same amount of time that a student without a disability would be subject to discipline.

Conduct Code for Participants in Extracurricular Activities

The Superintendent or designee, using input from coaches and sponsors of extracurricular activities, shall develop a conduct code for all participants in extracurricular activities consistent with School Board policy. The conduct code shall: (1) require participants in extracurricular activities to conduct themselves as good citizens and exemplars of their school at all times, including after school, on days when school is not in session, and whether on or off school property; (2) emphasize that hazing and bullying activities are strictly prohibited; and (3) notify participants that failure to abide by it could result in removal from the activity. The conduct code shall be reviewed by the Building Principal periodically at his or her discretion and presented to the Board.

Participants in extracurricular activities must abide by the conduct code for the activity and Board policy 7:190, *Student Behavior*. All coaches and sponsors of extracurricular activities shall annually review the conduct code with participants and provide participants with a copy. In addition, coaches and sponsors of interscholastic athletic programs shall provide instruction on steroid abuse prevention to students in grades 7 through 12 participating in these programs.

Extracurricular Drug and Alcohol Testing Program

The District maintains an extracurricular drug and alcohol testing program in order to foster the health, safety, and welfare of its students. Participation in extracurricular activities is a privilege and participants need to be exemplars. The program promotes healthy and drug-free participation.

Each student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) must consent to having the student submit to random drug and alcohol testing in order to participate in any extracurricular activity. Failure to sign the District's "Random Drug and Alcohol Testing Consent" form will result in non-participation.

If a test is *positive*, the student will not participate in extracurricular activities until after a *follow-up* test is requested by the Building Principal or designee and the results are reported. The Building Principal or designee will request a *follow-up* test after such an interval of time that the substance previously found would normally be eliminated from the body. If this *follow-up* test is negative, the student will be allowed to resume extracurricular activities. If a *positive* result is obtained from the *follow-up* test, or any later test, the same previous procedure shall be followed.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop procedures to implement this policy. No student shall be expelled or suspended from school as a result of any verified positive test conducted under this program other than when independent reasonable suspicion of drug and/or alcohol usage exists. This program does not affect the District policies, practices, or rights to search or test any student who at the time exhibits cause for reasonable suspicion of drug and/or alcohol use.

Performance Enhancing Drug Testing of High School Student Athletes

The Illinois High School Association (IHSA) prohibits participants in an athletic activity sponsored or sanctioned by IHSA from ingesting or otherwise using any performance enhancing substance on its banned substance list, without a written prescription and medical documentation provided by a licensed physician who evaluated the student-athlete for a legitimate medical condition. IHSA administers a performance-enhancing substance testing program. Under this program, student athletes are subject to random drug testing for the presence in their bodies of performance-enhancing substances on the IHSA's banned substance list. In addition to being penalized by IHSA, a student may be disciplined according to Board policy 7:190, *Student Behavior*.

Page 2 of 2

LEGAL REF.: Board of Education of Independent School Dist. No. 92 v. Earls, 122 S.Ct. 2559 (2002).

Clements v. Board of Education of Decatur, 478 N.E.2d 1209 (Ill.App.4, 1985).

Kevin Jordan v. O'Fallon THSD 203, 706 N.E.2d 137 (Ill.App.5, 1999).

<u>Todd v. Rush County Schools</u>, 133 F.3d 984 (7th Cir., 1998). <u>Veronia School Dist. 475 v. Acton</u>, 515 U.S. 646 (1995).

105 ILCS 5/24-24, 5/27-23.3, and 25/2.

CROSS REF.: 5:280 (Duties and Qualifications), 6:190 (Extracurricular and Co-Curricular Activities),

7:180 (Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment), 7:190

(Student Behavior), 7:300 (Extracurricular Athletics)

Date Established		
Date Revised	May, 2016	

Administrative Procedure - Code of Conduct for Extracurricular Activities

This Code of Conduct applies to all school-sponsored activities that are neither part of an academic class nor otherwise carry credit or a grade. Sponsors shall create a roster of students who are members or participants in an extracurricular activity and maintain attendance records.

The goal of the extracurricular program is to provide opportunities for students to pursue interests and develop life skills beyond the classroom. An additional goal of the athletic program is to develop the physical skills of student athletes, which will allow them to compete to the best of their ability within the School Board policies and the by-laws of any association of which the school is a member.

Members must conduct themselves at all times, including after school and on days school is not in session, as good citizens and exemplars of their school - they must behave in ways that are consistent with good sportsmanship, leadership, and appropriate moral conduct. They are expected to demonstrate good citizenship and exemplary conduct in the classroom, in the community, and during all facets of the activity.

The Code of Conduct below describes the expectations and goals of the extracurricular and athletic programs. This Code does not contain a complete list of inappropriate behaviors for students in extracurricular activities and athletics. This Code of Conduct will be enforced 365 days a year, 24 hours a day. A student may be excluded from activities or competition while the school is conducting an investigation regarding that student's conduct.

Students and their parents/guardians are encouraged to seek assistance from the student assistance program regarding alcohol or other drug problems. Family-referrals or self-referrals will be taken into consideration in determining consequences for Code of Conduct violations.

Code of Conduct

A student participating in an activity or athletic program will be subject to disciplinary action if he or she violates this Code of Conduct for Extracurricular Activities. Violations will be treated cumulatively, with disciplinary penalties increasing with subsequent violations.

The student shall not:

- 1. Violate the District's policies or procedures on student discipline;
- 2. Use a beverage containing alcohol (except for religious purposes);
- 3. Use tobacco in any form;
- 4. Use, possess, buy, sell, barter, or distribute any illegal substance (including mood-altering and performance enhancing drugs or chemicals) or paraphernalia;
- 5. Use, possess, buy, sell, barter, or distribute any object that is or could be considered a weapon or any item that is a *look alike* weapon. This prohibition does not prohibit legal use of weapons in cooking and in sports, such as archery, martial arts practice, target shooting, hunting, and skeet;
- 6. Attend a party or other gathering and/or ride in a vehicle where alcoholic beverages and/or controlled substances are being consumed by minors;
- 7. Act in an unsportsmanlike manner;
- 8. Vandalize or steal;
- 9. Haze or bully other students;
- 10. Violate the written rules for the activity or sport;
- 11. Behave in a manner that is detrimental to the good of the group or school;
- 12. Be insubordinate or disrespectful toward the activity's sponsors or team's coaching staff;

13. Falsify any information contained on any permit or permission form required by the activity or sport.

Hazing and bullying activities are strictly forbidden at any time and in any location. *Hazing* is any humiliating or dangerous activity expected of a student to belong to a team or group, regardless of his or her willingness to participate. (Adapted from the definition of *hazing* adopted by the National Federation of State High School Associations.) *Bullying* is any physical or verbal act or conduct that has or can be reasonably predicted to place a student in reasonable fear of harm; cause a detrimental effect on a student's physical or mental health; interfere with a student's academic performance; or interfere with a student's ability to participate in or benefit from school activities. (Adapted from the definition of *bullying* included in the Board policy 7:180, *Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment.*)

Due Process Procedures

Students who are accused of violating the Code of Conduct for Extracurricular Activities are entitled to the following due process:

- 1. The student should be advised of the disciplinary infraction with which he or she is being charged.
- 2. The student shall be entitled to a hearing before an appropriate administrator.
- 3. The student will be able to respond to any charges leveled against him or her.
- 4. The student may provide any additional information he or she wishes for the administrator to consider.
- 5. The administrator, with the help of other staff members if needed, may interview material witnesses or others with evidence concerning the case.
- 6. If the administrator finds, after reviewing the evidence, that the violation occurred, he or she will impose sanctions on the student, as follows:
 - a. Sanctions for violations other than drug and alcohol will be based on the nature of the offense and the number of offenses, and may include suspension from all activities or sports for one of the time periods described below:
 - A specified period of time or percentage of events, competitions, or practices
 - The remainder of the season or for the next season
 - The remainder of the student's high school career
 - b. Sanctions for alcohol and other drug violations will be based on the following:

First violation

- Use, possession, buying, selling, bartering, or distributing: A suspension of one third of the total number of performances, activities, or competitions or the remainder of the season, whichever is shorter. This penalty will be reduced if the student successfully completes a school-approved chemical awareness program.
- Attendance at a party or riding in a vehicle where alcoholic beverages and/or controlled substances are being consumed: A suspension of one sixth of the total number of performances, activities or competitions, or the remainder of the season, whichever is shorter.
- The student will be required to practice with the group, regardless of the violation (unless suspended or expelled from school).

Second violation

Use, possession, buying, selling, bartering, or distributing: A suspension of 12 weeks or 1 season, including suspension from all performances, activities, or competitions during this period. To participate again in any activities, the student must successfully participate in and complete a school-approved alcohol and other drug abuse assessment and follow all recommendations from that assessment.

- Attendance at a party or riding in a vehicle where alcoholic beverages and/or controlled substances are being consumed: A suspension of one third of the season and all extracurricular group performances, activities, or competitions during this period.
- The student may be required to practice with the group (unless suspended or expelled from school).

Third violation

- Use, possession, buying, selling, bartering, or distributing: A suspension from extracurricular activities for the remainder of the student's high school career.
- Attendance at a party or riding in a vehicle where alcoholic beverages and/or controlled substances are being consumed: A suspension of one calendar year from the date of the suspension, including all extracurricular activities during this period.
- 7. The administrator will make a written report of his or her decision and rationale. The student may appeal the decision to the Building Principal.

All students remain subject to the Board's student discipline policy and/or the school's student handbook and the disciplinary measures listed in them.

Date Established:	
Date Revised:	10/21/2014

DAKOTA SCHOOL DISTRICT #201 ATHLETIC INFORMATION SHEET

STUDENT NAME	SCHO	OL YEAR	SSN
SPORT(S)			7 8 9 10 11 12 YEAR IN SCHOOL
STREET ADDRESS	C	ITY/STATE/Z	ZIP
TELEPHONE	B	IRTH DATE	
PLACE OF BIRTH:			
(county) (city)	(state)	PHYS	ICAL EXAM DATE
DATE OF ENROLLMENT SEMESTER	IN SCHOOL		SEASONS PLAYED
MOTHER'S NAME & ADDRESS			
FATHER'S NAME & ADDRESS			
DO BOTH PARENTS LIVE WITHIN DISTRI	CT #201? YES_	NO	
DAKOTA SCHOOL DISTRICT 201 BOARD POLICE REQUIRES PARENTS TO CERTIFY THAT THEIR THEIR FAMILY INSURANCE.	Y REQUIRES ALL AT R SON OR DAUGHT.	THLETES TO C ER IS COVERI	ARRY EITHER SCHOOL INSURANCE, OR ED FOR ATHLETIC PARTICIPATION BY
MY SON/DAUGHTER IS COVERED BY			
1.) SCHOOL INSURANCEOR	2.) FAMILY INSU	JRANCE	
			(name of insurance company)
Insured Parent		Policy Nu	ımber
EMERGENCY MEDICAL INFORMATION If I cannot be reached, and, if in the judgment of school personnel to send my child to an available down HOSPITAL/DOCTOR PREFERENCE	ool authorities immedictor or hospital.		
Please list any medical history or condition that	may be helpful to a	physician in	treating your child. Allergies, etc.
Emergency/Contact phone numbers:			
Dakota School District #201 does not assume f give consent for their son's/daughter's participa			ents incurred in athletics. Parents must
I here by give (student name:)	my	consent to par	ticipate in the following sport(s):
Furthermore, it is my understanding that an a attends.	nnual physician's r	eport must be	e on file at the high school the athlete
I am familiar with, and have received and read rules and regulations regarding athletic eligibili			
PARENT/GUARDIAN SIGNATURE			DATE
STUDENT/ATHLETE SIGNATURE			DATE

DAKOTA COMMUNITY UNIT DISTRICT #201

Dakota, Illinois

School Insurance Waiver Dakota High School

This is to certify that	
has my permission to participate in all types of athletics and desire to have waivered the adr	ministrative
regulation requiring school insurance before participation is permitted.	
This also is to certify that I parent of	or guardian,
of the above named person will assume the financial responsibility that may be covered by s	aid present
school insurance, as approved by the Board of Education, Community Unit District #201, Dakota,	Illinois.
Signed Parent or Guardian	
Dated	

This form may be obtained, completed and signed at the High School Office.

STUDENT WELFARE SERVICES

The following services are provided by the School District:

- 1. Health services supervised by a qualified nurse. The Superintendent or designee may implement procedures to further a healthy school environment and prevent or reduce the spread of disease, including head lice (Pediculus Humanus Capitis).
- 2. Educational and psychological testing services and the services of a psychologist as needed. In all cases, written permission to administer a psychological examination must be obtained from a student's parent(s)/guardian(s). The results will be given to the parent(s)/guardian(s), with interpretation, as well as to the appropriate professional staff.
- 3. The services of a social worker. A student's parent(s)/guardian(s) must consent to regular or continuing services from a social worker.
- 4. Guidance and counseling services.

The superintendent or designee shall develop protocols for responding to students with social, emotional, or mental health problems that impact learning ability. The District, however, assumes no liability for preventing, identifying, or treating such problems

This policy shall be implemented in a manner consistent with State and Federal laws, including the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.

CROSS REF.: Children's Mental Health Act of 2003, 405 ILCS 49/1 et seq.
 CROSS REF.: 6:65 (Student Social and Emotional Development) 6:270 (Guidance and Counseling Program) 4:160 (Hazardous and Infectious Materials), 7:100 (Health Examinations, Immunizations, and Exclusion of Students), 7:280 (Communicable and Chronic Infectious Diseases)

Adopted	August 23, 2004	
•	•	
Revised		

<u>Administrative Procedure – Protocol for Responding to Students with Social, Emotional, or Mental</u> Health Problems

Student Support Committee

Each Building Principal shall annually appoint a building-level Student Support Committee that shall have the tasks described in this administrative procedure. Committee members must be school staff members who are qualified by professional licensing or experience to address issues concerning students who may have social, emotional, or mental health problems.

Referrals

Staff members should refer a student suspected of having social, emotional, or mental health problems to the building-level Student Support Committee. The Student Support Committee will review information about a referred student, including prior interventions, and suggest appropriate steps for referral and follow-up. The Student Support Committee may offer strategies to a referred student's classroom teachers and parents/guardians about ways they can manage, address, and/or enhance the student's social and emotional development and mental health. In addition, the Student Support Committee may recommend coordinated educational, psychological, social work, school counseling, and/or student assistance services within the school as well as referrals to outside agencies.

Testing

Written permission from the parent/guardian is required for any psychological or psycho educational testing or psychiatric evaluation. The results will be shared with parents/guardians and appropriate school staff members, with interpretation and recommendations for referral and follow-up services.

School Counseling, Social Work, and Psychological Services

The Student Support Committee may request school counselors, social workers, psychologists, and school nurses to provide support and consultation to teachers and school staff about strategies to promote the social and emotional development and mental health of all students. They may also be requested to provide screening and early detection approaches to identify students with social, emotional, and mental health problems.

Written permission from the parent/guardian is required for any on-going social work and psychological services. Written consent may be obtained through an IEP or other designated form. That consent does not entitle parents to know the content of all that is discussed. School counselors, social workers, and psychologists will inform parents/guardians of all issues that pose a health and/or safety risk.

Psycho-Educational Groups

As appropriate, the Student Support Committee may recommend that a student participate in a variety of psycho-educational groups. These groups are typically led by school counselors, social workers, or psychologists, but are not structured as therapeutic services. Groups are designed to help students better understand issues and develop strategies to manage issues of concern to them that may, if not addressed, interfere significantly with the students' educational progress or school adjustment. Groups have a written curriculum that guides discussion over a set period of time, generally 5 weeks. A student may participate in a group without parent permission for one such time period: subsequent enrollment in the same group requires parent permission.

Students in a group who present significant concern and for whom therapeutic services must be considered will be referred to the social workers, psychologists, or school counselors for individual consultation. (See above description of these services).

School	and	Community	/ Lin	kages

When possible, the Student Support Committee may seek to establish linkages and partnerships with diverse community organizations to provide a coordinated approach to addressing children's social and emotional development and mental health needs.

LEGAL REF.:	Children's Mental Health Act of 2003, 405 ILCS 49/1 et seq.
Adopted	August 23, 2004
Revised	

Agency and Police Interviews

All requests by agency or police officials to interview a student shall be handled according to procedures developed by the Superintendent.

LEGAL REF.: 325 ILCS 5/1 et seq.

705 ILCS 80/1 et seq.

CROSS REF.: 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:140 (Search and Seizure), 7:190 (Student

Discipline)

Administrative Procedure - Agency and Police Interviews

Interviews by Police

- 1. The Building Principal will check the police officer's credentials and any legal papers such as warrants for arrest, search warrants, or subpoenas to be served.
- 2. The Building Principal will attempt to contact the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) if possible, and inform them that the student is subject to an interview. In extreme emergency situations, DCFS employees, law enforcement personnel, or treating physicians may, in effecting temporary protective custody, request that the District not notify parents until the child's safety is ensured. The Building Principal should ask that such a request be put in writing. The parent(s)/guardian(s) will be given the opportunity to be present and be represented by legal counsel at their own expense. Interviews of minor students without permission of the parent(s)/guardian(s) is not permitted unless a legal process is presented or in emergency situations.
- 3. Interviews will be conducted in a private setting. If the parent(s)/guardian(s) are absent, the Building Principal and one other adult witness, selected by the Building Principal, will be present during the interview.
- 4. Interview proceedings will be documented in writing for inclusion in the student's temporary records.
- 5. No minor student shall be removed from the school by the police officer without the consent of a parent(s)/guardian(s), except upon service of a valid warrant of arrest or in cases of warrantless temporary protective custody.

Interviews by the Illinois Department of Children and Family Services (DCFS)

- 1. The Building Principal will check the agent's credentials and any papers pertaining to a legal process.
- 2. The Building Principal will attempt to contact the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) and inform them that the student is subject to an interview, if appropriate.
- 3. If the DCFS agent does not want a parent(s)/guardian(s) present or notified during the interview, this stipulation must be in writing and signed by the DCFS agent.
- 4. Interviews will be conducted in a private setting. If the parent(s)/guardian(s) are absent, the Building Principal and one other adult witness, a member of the District staff, will be present during the interview.
- 5. The student may be removed from school by the DCFS agent if case circumstances warrant. A local law enforcement agency officer, designated DCFS employee, or a physician treating a child may take or retain temporary protective custody of the child without the consent of the person responsible for the child's welfare, if (1) he or she has reason to believe that the child's circumstances or conditions are such that continuing in his or her place of residence or in the care and custody of the person responsible for the child's welfare, presents an imminent danger to that child's life or health; (2) the person responsible for the child's welfare is unavailable or has been asked and does not consent to the child's removal from his or her custody; and (3) there is not time to apply for a court order under the Juvenile Court Act for temporary custody of the child. The person taking or retaining a child in temporary protective custody shall immediately make every reasonable effort to notify the person responsible for the child's welfare and shall immediately notify the Department.
- 6. No District employee may act as a DCFS agent.

LEGAL REF.: 325 ILCS 5/1 et seq.

705 ILCS 80/1 et seq.

COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE/TRUANTS AND CHRONIC TRUANTS

The Board of Education supports the principle that local school districts must have the responsibility for matters pertaining to student attendance. Further, the Board recognizes the following definitions:

<u>Truant</u> - a child subject to compulsory school attendance and who is absent without valid cause from such attendance for a school day or portion thereof.

<u>Valid Cause</u> - a child may be absent from school because of illness, observance of a religious holiday, death in the immediate family, family emergency, situations beyond the control of the student as determined by the Board of Education or such other circumstances which cause reasonable concern to the parent for the safety or health of the child.

<u>Chronic or Habitual Truant</u> - a child who is subject to compulsory school attendance and who is absent without valid cause form such attendance for ten percent or more of the previous 180 regular attendance days.

<u>Truant Minor</u> - a child to whom supportive services, including prevention, diagnostic, intervention and remedial services, alternative programs and other school and community resources have been provided and have failed to result in cessation of chronic truancy or have been offered and refused.

A "dropout" is defined as any child enrolled in grades 1 through 12 whose name has been removed from the district enrollment roster for any reason other than his death, extended illness, graduation or completion of a program of studies and who has not transferred to another public or private school.

Using the definitions cited, the school district shall determine if the student is a truant, chronic or habitual truant, truant minor, or a dropout. The Superintendent shall direct the appropriate school district staff to develop diagnostic procedures to be used with the student who is a truant, chronic or habitual truant, truant minor, or a dropout. The diagnostic procedures may include but not be limited to counseling services to the student and the student's parents/guardian, a health evaluation by the school nurse, use of peer groups and clinical evaluations by local and/or state agencies.

The following supportive services may be offered to a student who is experiencing an attendance problem:

Student conferences
Parent-teacher conferences
Certified letters or telephone call to parents

Ref.:	
Date Established	:
Date Revised:	

TRUANT ALTERNATIVE PROGRAM

As a measure to comply with paragraph 26-14 of the School Code of Illinois, District 201 shall accept application from any district dropout, whose age is 16 or greater, but less than 18 years of age, to participate in the district's various programs and resources for truants.

In conjunction with this program, District 201 will continue its involvement with the Stephenson County truants Alternative/Optional Education Program.

DRUG AND ALCOHOL ABUSE PREVENTION PROGRAM

- A. Age-appropriate, developmentally based drug and alcohol education and prevention programs (which address the legal, social, and health consequences of drug and alcohol use and which provide information about effective techniques for resisting peer pressure to use illicit drugs or alcohol) for all students in all grades of the schools operated or served by the LEA, from early childhood level through grade 12.
- B. A statement to students that the use of illicit drugs and the unlawful possession and use of alcohol is wrong and harmful.
- C. Standards of conduct that are applicable to students in all the LEA's schools and that clearly prohibit, at a minimum, the unlawful possession, use or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol by students on school premises or as part of any of its activities.
- D. A clear statement that disciplinary sanctions (consistent with local, State and Federal law), up to and including expulsion and referral for prosecution, will be imposed on students who violate the standards of conduct, and a description of those sanctions. A disciplinary sanction may include the completion of an appropriate rehabilitation program.
- E. Information about any drug and alcohol counseling and rehabilitation and re-entry programs that are available to students.
- F. A requirement that parents and students be given a copy of the standards of conduct and the statement of disciplinary sanctions required.
- G. Notification to parents and students that compliance with the standards of conduct is mandatory.

Ref.: State Board of Education
Date Est.: August, 1990

SMOKING AND USING TOBACCO

Using tobacco products in any form is hazardous to the health of students and may present a safety hazard in the school. Smoking tobacco, using tobacco products and/or possessing tobacco materials by students is not permitted on school buses, in school buildings or on school grounds at any time.

Students and parents/guardians shall be advised of this policy in a manner deemed appropriate by the Building Principal. In addition information about the hazards of smoking shall be included in the curriculum.

If a staff member finds a student possessing or using smoking materials and/or tobacco products in violation of this policy, the student shall be disciplined by the administration on an individual basis. Disciplinary measures may include personal counseling, withholding of privileges, detention, and/or suspension for a period of up to ten (10) days. In all cases the parent/guardian shall be advised and their cooperation shall be sought.

Given reasonable grounds for suspicion, school officials may search for and seize tobacco products brought onto buses or school property.

Organizations sponsoring activities in the schools shall be made aware of this policy and shall be expected to take appropriate disciplinary measures. Failure to do so could result in cancellation of that organization's privilege to use District facilities.

Ref.: I.A.S.B.

Date Est.: December, 1990

ALCOHOL

The consumption of alcoholic beverages is hazardous to the health of students. The consumption, possession or distribution of alcoholic beverages is not permitted on school buses, in school buildings or on all other school property at any time. This policy extends to all school sponsored and related activities, as well as field, athletic and music trips, whether held before or after school, evenings or weekends. Students shall not be permitted to attend school when they are under the influence of alcohol. For the purpose of this policy, students who are under such influence shall be treated in the same manner as though they had alcohol in their possession.

Students shall be advised of this policy in a manner deemed appropriate by the Building Principal. In addition information concerning the effects and potential dangers involved in the use of alcohol shall be included in the curriculum in compliance with <u>The School Code of Illinois</u>.

If a staff member finds a student to be under the influence of, using, possessing or distributing alcoholic beverages in violation of this policy, the student may be suspended and/or expelled according to the District's discipline policy.

Organizations sponsoring activities in the schools outside of regular school hours shall be made aware of this policy and shall be expected to take appropriate disciplinary measures. Failure to do so could result in cancellation of that organization's privilege to use District buildings.

Ref.: I.A.S.B.

Date Est.: April 16, 1991

DRUG ABUSE

Non-medical use of drugs is hazardous to the health of students. The illicit use, possession or distribution of drugs or look-alike drugs is not permitted on school buses, in school buildings or on school grounds at any time. This policy extends to all school sponsored and related activities as well as field trips and athletic and music trips, whether held before or after school, evenings or weekends. Students shall not be permitted to attend school when they are under the influence of illicit drugs. For the purpose of this policy, students who are under such influence shall be treated in the same manner as though they had drugs in their possession.

Students shall be advised of this policy in a manner deemed appropriate by the Building Principal. In addition, information concerning the effects and potential dangers involved in the illicit use of drugs shall be included in the curriculum in compliance with the law.

If a staff member finds a student to be illicitly using, possessing or distributing drugs or look-alike drugs in violation of this policy, the student shall be suspended and/or expelled. In addition, parents and juvenile authorities shall be notified promptly. In all cases, parents' cooperation shall be sought. When a substance is determined to be an illicit drug, the identity of the student shall be given to the proper authorities for prosecution.

If there is reason to believe that a student is using drugs illicitly at any time on or off school premises, the health and counseling services of the school shall be made available to the student and his parents.

Ref.: <u>I.A.S.B.</u>

Date Est.: December, 1990

STUDENT WELFARE - Physical Examinations

Within one year prior to entering kindergarten or first grade, upon entering the fifth grade and ninth grade, and irrespective of grade, upon entrance into the District, each student shall present proof of having had a health examination performed by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches. A licensed dentist shall perform all dental exams. The requirements regarding physical examinations for students in the District are the same as those set forth in The School Code of Illinois, and as promulgated by the Illinois Department of Public Health.

The school staff shall apprise parents of their obligation in these areas, and shall furnish the necessary forms and keep records of compliance. Parents will be expected to notify the school of any allergies to food or drugs or other physical handicaps their child may have.

In accordance with a provision of <u>The School Code of Illinois</u>, students objecting to physical examinations on religious grounds shall not be required to submit themselves thereto, if they present to the School Board a statement of such objection signed by a parent/guardian of the student.

If a student has not submitted a statement objecting to such examinations, the Superintendent is authorized to prohibit him from attending school until requirements for such examinations have been met.

Ref: Ill. Rev. Stat., ch. 122, para. 27-8.1.

Date Est.: 4/16/91 Date Revised:

STUDENT WELFARE - Inoculations

Every student shall, at or about the same time as he is given a health examination as required by the Illinois Department of Public Health, present to the District proof of having received inoculations for preventable communicable diseases. The school staff will furnish the necessary forms and keep records of compliance.

In accordance with a provision of <u>The School Code of Illinois</u>, students objecting to inoculations on religious grounds shall not be required to submit themselves thereto, if they present to the School Board a statement of such objection signed by a parent or guardian of the student. If the student's physical condition is such that any one or more of the immunizing agents should not be administered, the examining physician shall so state on the health examination form.

All students entering the District's schools for the first time shall provide the Superintendent or his designee with proof of immunization from disease as required by state law by October 15.

In the case of a transfer student, a period of thirty (30) calendar days, beginning with the first day of enrollment in the District, shall be given to meet the inoculation requirements.

The Superintendent is authorized to prohibit a student from attending school until requirements for such inoculations have been met or a statement objecting to such inoculations has been submitted.

Ref.: <u>Ill. Rev. Stat.</u>, ch. 122, para. 27-8.1.

Date Est.: 4/16/91
Date Revised:

COLLECTION OF FEES

In conjunction with the imposition, collection and/or waiver of fees or charges to be paid by students, including the costs of school lunches, it is the intention of the Board of Education to comply with the provisions in federal law and in <u>The School Code</u> of Illinois (<u>Ill. Rev. Stat.</u>, ch. 122, pars. 2-3.96, 10-20.13, 27-23, 28-19.2 and 712.1 <u>et. seq.</u>) and regulations promulgated there under, including 23 Ill. Adm. Code ss 1.245. This policy shall be implemented by administrative procedures promulgated hereunder.

PROCEDURES FOR WAIVER OF STUDENT/FEES/LUNCH CHARGES

I. Definitions

A. Fees

- 1. School fees are monetary charges collected by the school district from student, parents or guardian as a prerequisite for the student's participation in any curricular school program: charges for required textbooks and materials.
- School fees do not include charges required when the school district requires students to provide ordinary supplies or materials such as pencils, notebooks or paper for use in a curricular or extracurricular program.
- 3. School fees also do not include:
 - a. Library fines and charges assessed for the loss, misuse or destruction of school property.
 - b. Charges for the purchase of class rings, yearbooks, class pictures, diploma covers or similar type of charges.
 - c. Charges for optional travel sponsored by a school club or students organized with or without the assistance of school personnel for trips outside of school hours.
 - d. Charges for admission to school extra curricular events such as athletic or social events.
 - e. Charges for community service programs such as preschool, before and after school child care and recreational programs.
 - f. Charges and deposits for use of school property such as locks, towels, and laboratory equipment.
 - g. Charges for field trips made during school hours if the field trip is a required or customary part of a class or extracurricular activity.
 - h. Charges or deposits for uniforms or equipment related to varsity intramural sports, or for fine arts programs or to participate in fine arts programs.
 - i. Charges to participate in extracurricular activities.
 - j. Charges for supplies required for classes such as shop, home economics, laboratory or art.
 - k. Graduation fees including caps and gowns.
 - 1. School record fees.
 - m. School health service fees.
 - n. Driver education fees.

B. Lunch Charges

Lunch charges means the charges for lunches offered by the school district as a participant in the federal school lunch program and/or under the State of Illinois program of reimbursement for free or reduced price lunches.

C. Waiver

Means waiver of fees or lunch charges in their entirety or reduction of lunch charges.

D. Eligibility for Waiver

Students currently receiving aid under the Illinois Public Aid Law are eligible for waiver of all fees. Other students may be eligible for the waiver of fees or lunch charges on the basis of federal family income guidelines issued not later than June 1 of each fiscal year by the Secretary of the U.S.

Department of Health and Human Services for the federal free and reduced price lunch program of the Illinois Community School Lunch program, or in cases in which a student's family is able to otherwise establish that they cannot afford to pay the fees. Other extenuating circumstances or family emergencies under which the School District will grant a waiver include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Family loss of income due to such catastrophic events as injury or illness not insured or otherwise protected which causes severe income deprivation;
- 2. Deprivation of income due to natural causes such as fire, flood or storm damage; or,
- 3. Other events which make it virtually impossible for the family to pay for fees and charges.

II. Grant of Waivers

A. Lunch Charges

Charge for lunches may be wholly waived or reduced if the gross income of the student's family is at or under the federal guidelines issued annually.

B. Student Fees

Student fees may be waived if the gross income of the student's family is at or under the federal guidelines for free or reduced price lunches issued annually; if the student's family is receiving public aid; or if the student's family otherwise establishes that they cannot afford to pay the fees.

III. Application for Waivers

A. Submission/Appeal of Denial

Applications for waivers of student fees (Form 1) and/or lunch charges should be submitted to the Superintendent's Office of the school district. Where feasible, said application should be submitted 10 working days before the beginning of the school year or within 10 working days after a student is enrolled during the school year. The principal shall review each application received and shall notify the parent(s)/guardian(s) (Form 2) whether the request is granted or denied no later than 30 working days after receipt of the application. If the application is denied, a written appeal of the decision may be filed with the Superintendent (Form 3) within ten working days after notice of denial. If the appeal is denied, a copy of the decision (Form 4) stating the reason therefore shall be mailed to applicants.

B. Forms

Applications for waiver of lunch charges shall be submitted on forms developed by the State Board of Education for compliance with federal law. Applications for Waiver of Student Fees shall be submitted on Form No. 1 attached ("Application for Waiver of Student Fees"). The response of the Principal shall be submitted on Form 2; an appeal on Form 3 and the response to the appeal on Form 4.

C. Notice to Parents

All parents or guardians shall be given notification of the policy and regulations through the district mailing. Notification shall include a fee waiver application. The notification must be in English or the home language of the parents.

At the inception of each school year the school district or the Regional Superintendent may cause to be published in a newspaper serving the District, notification of the opportunity to apply for free and reduced price lunches on forms developed by the State Board of Education to comply with federal law. Each application and notification to parents shall state that the charge of providing false information to obtain waivers of fees is a felony under the statutes of Illinois, and that falsification may be reported to the Office of the State's Attorney. Parents who owe fees at the time of adoption of the Policy shall be provided with a copy of the policy and the fee waiver application. If the policy is amended, parents must be notified in writing within 30 days thereafter.

D. Confidentiality

All information received in conjunction with applications for waivers will be treated confidentially and used only for the purposes for which intended.

E. A student whose parents are unable to purchase required textbooks or instructional materials shall not be subject to discrimination or punishment of any kind including the lowering of grades or exclusion from class.

Ref: Robbins, Schwartz, Nicholas, Lifton & Taylor, Ltd.

Date Established: August 25, 1992

Date Revised:

TEXT BOOKS FOR CHILDREN OF PARENTS UNABLE TO BUY THEM AND OTHER FEES

Text books for children of parents unable to buy them and other fees:

- A. The board of education will purchase, at the expense of the district, a sufficient number of textbooks for children whose parents are unable to buy them, including but not limited to children receiving aid under Article IV of The Illinois Public Aid Code. Such textbooks shall be loaned only, and the administration shall require the teacher to see that they are properly cared for and returned at the end of each term.
- B. District administrators will waive all fees assessed by the district on children whose parents are unable to afford them, including but not limited to children receiving aid under Article IV of The Illinois Public Aid Act.

Ref.: Section 10-20.13, Ill. School Code

Date Est.:
Date Revised:

STUDENT FEES

FINES, FEES and CHARGES

Annually the Board of Education may determine the school district's need to establish student fees for extracurricular activities and services. All student fees and charges, both optional and required, shall be published in each school's student handbook or in some other written form and distributed to each student.

Students shall be notified that fees are to be paid within thirty (30) days of the date they become due. Furthermore, students shall be advised that failure to pay fees may result in denial of participation in extracurricular activities.

Included in the school district's schedule of fees shall be an explanation of the right to have a fee waived for those students whose parents are unable to afford them.

The Superintendent shall have discretionary powers to grant or deny a student's application for a fee waiver. The denial of a fee waiver may be appealed by submitting a fee waiver request in writing to the Superintendent within two (2) weeks of the denial. The Superintendent shall recommend disposition of the appeal to the designated hearing officer. The hearing officer will reconsider the decision to deny the fee waiver request and will notify the parents/guardians in writing of its decision. The hearing officer's decision is final.

Students who receive a waiver of fees are not exempt from charges for lost and damaged books, locks, materials, supplies and equipment.

It is the policy of the Board of Education to charge a nominal fee for the use of textbooks and consumable materials. The board may also establish a fee for some extracurricular activities.

Students will be expected to pay for any willful damage to school property or for loss of school books.

Students shall not be denied educational services or academic credit due to the inability or unwillingness of parents or guardians to pay textbook fees, fines, other school fees or charges for damaged property. The parent is legally responsible for such indebtedness, not the student, and any action taken by the District to collect such fees should be taken against the parent.

Ref.: Ill. Rev. Stat., ch. 122, para. 10-20.13.
Ill. Rev. Stat., ch. 122, para. 10-22.25.

Date Est.:
Date Revised:

FINES, FEES and CHARGES - Waiver of Student Fees

Students whose parents are unable to afford student fees may receive a waiver for textbooks and instructional materials. However, these students are not exempt from charges for lost and damaged books, locks, materials, supplies and equipment.

Applications for fee waivers may be submitted by a parent/guardian of a student who has been assessed a fee on an application form available from the Building Office.

A student shall be eligible for a waiver of a fee when at least one of the following prerequisites are met:

- 1. The student is currently receiving aid under <u>Article IV of the Illinois PublicAid Code</u> (Aid to Families with Dependent Children).
- 2. The student is currently eligible for Free Lunch pursuant to <u>Ill. Rev. Stat.</u>,
- 3. ch. 122, para. 712.1 et seq.

Also consideration will be given by the Superintendent to additional factors such as:

- 1. illness in the family;
- 2. unusual expenses such as fire, flood, storm damage, etc.;
- 3. seasonal unemployment;
- 4. emergency situations.

The parent/guardian shall submit written evidence of eligibility for waiver of the student's fee. A separate application form shall be submitted for each fee assessed to each student.

The Superintendent will notify the parent/guardian promptly as to whether the fee waiver request has been granted or denied. The Superintendent's denial of a fee waiver request may be appealed.

Submit to a designated hearing officer by submitting the appeal in writing to the Superintendent or his designee within fourteen (14) days of the denial. If appealed, the hearing officer will reconsider the decision to deny the fee waiver request, and will notify the parent/guardian in writing of its decision. The decision of the hearing officer is final and binding.

Questions regarding the fee waiver request process should be addressed to the Superintendent's Office.

Ref.: Ill. Rev. Stat., ch. 122, para. 10-20.13.
PA 86-0195

Date Est.:

Date Revised:

FREE LUNCH

The Dakota Schools shall keep an accurate, detailed separate account of all monies expended for school lunch programs and free lunch programs and of the amounts for which they are reimbursed by any governmental agency, monies received from students and from any other contributors to the program. The board of education shall also keep on file a copy of all menus served under the school lunch program or free lunch program, which together with all records of receipts and disbursements, shall be made available to representatives of the State Board of Education at any time.

Applications for participation in the school lunch program and the free lunch program shall be made on forms provided by the State Board of Education and filed with the State Board, through the Regional Superintendent of Schools.

Eligibility standards are established annually by the Federal Government and families must apply each and every year to establish eligibility.

Ref.: The School Code of Illinois, Sec. 712.4 and 712.5

Date Est.: Historical

Date Revised:

MUSICAL INSTRUMENT RENTAL AND USE FEE

Any student playing a school owned instrument requested by the band director as his major instrument will deposit with the school a designated amount of money. 3/5s of the deposit will be called a use fee and will be used by the school for routine repair and maintenance of the school owned instruments. The deposit will be assessed in September to cover the school year and the following summer. The fee structure will be reviewed annually by the band instructor and the high school principal.

Ref.: <u>Historical</u>
Date Est.: <u>1981</u>
Date Revised:

EXEMPTION FROM PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

A child may be exempted from some or all physical activities when the appropriate excuses are submitted to the school by parent(s)/guardian(s) or by a person licensed under the Medical Practice Act.

Alternative activities and/or units of instruction will be provided for pupils whose physical or emotional condition, as determined by a person licensed under the Medical Practice Act, prevents their participation in the physical education courses.

- 1. Enrollment in a marching band program for credit;
- 2. Enrollment in Reserve Officer's Training Corps (ROTC) program sponsored by the district;
- 3. Ongoing participation in an interscholastic athletic program (student must be in the 11th or 12th grade);
- 4. Enrollment in academic classes that are required for admission to an institution of higher learning (student must be in the 11th or 12th grade; or
- 5. Enrollment in academic classes that are required for graduation from high school, provided that failure to take such classes will result in the student being unable to graduate (student must be in the 11th or 12th grade).

LEGAL REF.:	105 ILCS 5/27-6. 23 Ill. Admin. Code § 1.420(p).
CROSS REF.:	6:60 (Curriculum Content)
Date Established:	
Date Revised:	April 2011

Administering Medicines to Students

Students should not take medication during school hours or during school-related activities unless it is necessary for a student's health and well-being. When a student's licensed health care provider and parent/guardian believe that it is necessary for the student to take a medication during school hours or school-related activities, the parent/guardian must request that the school dispense the medication to the child and otherwise follow the District's procedures on dispensing medication.

No School District employee shall administer to any student, or supervise a student's self-administration of, any prescription or non-prescription medication until a completed and signed "School Medication Authorization Form" is submitted by the student's parent/guardian. No student shall possess or consume any prescription or non-prescription medication on school grounds or at a school-related function other than as provided for in this policy and its implementing procedures.

Nothing in this policy shall prohibit any school employee from providing emergency assistance to students, including administering medication.

The Building Principal shall include this policy in the Student Handbook and shall provide a copy to the parents/guardians of students.

Self-Administration of Medication

A student may possess an epinephrine auto-injector (EpiPen®) and/or asthma medication prescribed for use at the student's discretion, provided the student's parent/guardian has completed and signed a *School Medication Authorization Form*. The School District shall incur no liability, except for willful and wanton conduct, as a result of any injury arising from a student's self-administration of medication or epinephrine auto-injector or the storage of any medication by school personnel. A student's parent/guardian must indemnify and hold harmless the School District and its employees and agents, against any claims, except a claim based on willful and wanton conduct, arising out of a student's self-administration of an epinephrine auto-injector and/or medication, or the storage of any medication by school personnel.

School District Supply of Undesignated Epinephrine Auto-Injectors

The Superintendent or designee shall implement Section 22-30(f) of the School Code and maintain a supply of undesignated epinephrine auto-injectors in the name of the District and provide or administer them as necessary according to State law. *Undesignated epinephrine auto-injector* means an epinephrine auto-injector prescribed in the name of the District or one of its schools. A school nurse or trained personnel, as defined in State law, may administer an undesignated epinephrine auto-injector to a person when they, in good faith, believe a person is having an anaphylactic reaction.

This section of the policy is void whenever the Superintendent or designee is, for whatever reason, unable to: (1) obtain for the District a prescription for undesignated epinephrine auto-injectors from a physician or advanced practice nurse licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, or (2) fill the District's prescription for undesignated school epinephrine auto-injectors.

Upon any administration of an undesignated epinephrine auto-injector, the Superintendent or designee(s) must ensure all notifications required by State law and administrative procedures occur.

Upon implementation of this policy, the protections from liability and hold harmless provisions as explained in Section 22-30(c) of the School Code apply.

No one, including without limitation parents/guardians of students, should rely on the District for the availability of an epinephrine auto-injector. This policy does not guarantee the availability of an epinephrine auto-injector; students and their parents/guardians should consult their own physician regarding this medication.

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EGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.14b, 5/10-22.21b, and 5/22-30.

CROSS REF.: 7:285 (Food Allergy Management)

ADMIN. PROC.: 7:270-AP1 (Dispensing Medication), 7:270-AP2 (Checklist for District Supply of

Undesignated Epinephrine Auto-Injectors), 7:270-E (School Medication Authorization

Form)

Ref.: Illinois School Code, Ch. 122, 10-22.21b

Date Established: 8/3/1993

Date Revised: 1/20/2015

Administrative Procedure - Dispensing Medication

Actor	Action
Parents/Guardians	Ask the child's physician, dentist, or other health care provider who has authority to prescribe medications if a medication, either prescription or non-prescription, must be administered during the school day. <i>Medication</i> includes an epinephrine auto-injector (<i>EpiPen</i> ®) and asthma inhaler medication (105 ILCS 5/22-30(a), amended by P.A. 98-795).
	• For a student with diabetes: The parent(s)/guardian(s) are responsible to share the health care provider's instructions. When the student is at school, the student's diabetes will be managed according to a diabetes care plan, if one exists, and not this Procedure. See Care of Students with Diabetes Act, 105 ILCS 5/10-22.21b. Last, the Public Self-Care of Diabetes Act allows a person with diabetes (or a parent/guardian of a person with diabetes) to self-administer insulin (or administer insulin) in any location, public or private, where the person is authorized to be irrespective of whether the injection site is uncovered during or incidental to the administration of insulin (410 ILCS 135/, added by P.A. 98-844).
	If so, ask the health care provider to complete a "School Medicine Authorization Form." This form must be completed and given to the school before the school will store or dispense any medication and before your child may possess asthma medication or an epinephrine auto-injector.
	If a student is on a medication indefinitely, the parent/guardian must file a new "School Medication Authorization Form" every year.
	Bring the medication to the school office. If the medicine is for asthma or is an epinephrine auto-injector, a student may keep possession of it for immediate use at the student's discretion: (1) while in school, (2) while at a school-sponsored activity, (3) while under the supervision of school personnel, or (4) before or after normal school activities, such as while in before-school or after-school care on school-operated property (105 ILCS 5/22-30€, amended by P.A. 98-795).
	For asthma inhalers, provide the prescription label. Bring other prescription medications to the school in the original package or appropriately labeled container. The container shall display:
	Student's name Prescription number Medication name and dosage Administration route and/or other direction Dates to be taken Licensed prescriber's name Pharmacy name, address, and phone number
	Bring non-prescription medications to school in the manufacturer's original container with the label indicating the ingredients and the student's name affixed.
	At the end of the treatment regime, remove any unused medication from the school.
School Office	Provide a copy of these procedures, as well as a "School Medication

Actor	Action
Personnel	Authorization Form," to inquiring parents/guardians.
	Whenever a parent/guardian brings medication for a student to the office, summon the school nurse.
	If the school nurse is unavailable, accept the medication, provided the parent/guardian submits a completed "School Medication Authorization Form" and the medication is packaged in the appropriate container.
	Put the medication in the appropriate locked drawer or cabinet. Tell the school nurse about the medication as soon as possible.
School Nurse (certificated school nurse or non-	Ensure that a parent/guardian who brings medication for his or her child has complied with the parent/guardian's responsibilities as described in this administrative procedure.
certificated registered professional nurse)	In conjunction with the licensed prescriber and parent/guardian, identify circumstances, if any, in which the student may self-administer the medication and/or carry the medication. A student will be permitted to carry and self-administer medication for asthma or an epinephrine auto-injector.
	Store the medication in a locked drawer or cabinet. A student may keep possession of medication for asthma or an epinephrine auto-injector. Medications requiring refrigeration should be refrigerated in a secure area.
	Plan with the student the time(s) the student should come to the nurse's office to receive medications.
	Document each dose of the medication in the student's individual health record. Documentation shall include date, time, dosage, route, and the signature of the person administering the medication or supervising the student in self-administration.
	Assess effectiveness and side effects as required by the licensed prescriber. Provide written feedback to the licensed prescriber and the parent/guardian as requested by the licensed prescriber.
	Document whenever the medication is not administered as ordered along with the reasons.
	If the parent/guardian does not pick up the medication by the end of the school year, discard the medication in the presence of a witness.
Building Principal	Supervise the use of these procedures.
	Perform any duties described for school office personnel, as needed.
	Perform any duties described for school nurses, as needed, or delegate those duties to appropriate staff members. No staff member shall be required to administer medications to students, except school nurses, non-certificated and registered professional nurses, and administrators.
	Make arrangements, in conjunction with the parent/guardian, supervising teachers, and/or bus drivers for the student to receive needed medication while on a field trip.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.14b, 5/10-22.21b, and 5/22-30.

		/:2/0-AP
		Page 2 of
Date Established:	Date Revised:	1/20/2015

<u>Adn</u>	ninis	trati	ive Pr	ocedure - Checklist for District Supply of Undesignated Epinephrine Auto-
Inje	ctors	<u> </u>		
				ndent, school nurse, and/or other necessary school officials should consult the Board velop a plan to implement Section 22-30 of the School Code.
	Obtain a prescription to maintain a supply of undesignated epinephrine auto-injector(s) (UEAs) in the District's name pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f), amended by P.A. 98-795.			
	Designate a secure location(s) to store UEAs where an allergic person is most at risk, including but not limited to, classrooms and lunchrooms pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/22-30(f), amended by P.A. 98-795.			
	Develop a method for maintaining an inventory of the UEAs. The inventory should list the expiration dates of the UEAs.			
	Identify procedures for a log or other recordkeeping of provisions, or administrations of UEAs.			lures for a log or other recordkeeping of provisions, or administrations of UEAs.
	Develop procedures to implement the prescribing physician's standing protocol for the provision administration of UEAs, including calling 911 and noting any instructions given by Emerge Management Services (EMS). Upon any administration of <i>any</i> epinephrine auto-injector, procedures include:			
	1.	Imn	nediate	activation of the EMS system (105 ILCS 5/22-30(f-5), amended by P.A. 98-795).
	2.	Noti	ificatio	n to the student's parent, guardian, or emergency contact, if known (Id.).
	 3. When a UEA is administered, the school nurse must make the following reports to the: a. Physician, physician assistant, or advance practice nurse who provided the standing proof or prescription for the UEA within 24 hours (105 ILCS 5/22-30(f-10), amended by P.A 795). 			EA is administered, the school nurse must make the following reports to the:
				1 1
		b.		ate Board of Education (ISBE) within three (3) days (105 ILCS 5/22-30(i), amended A. 98-795). Notification will be on an ISBE-prescribed form, and will include:
			i.	Age and type of person receiving epinephrine (student, staff, visitor),
			ii.	Any previously known diagnosis of a severe allergy,
			iii.	Trigger that precipitated allergic episode,
			iv.	Location where symptoms developed,
			v.	Number of doses administered,
			vi.	Type of person administering epinephrine (school nurse, trained personnel, student), and
			vii.	Any other information required by ISBE on the form.
	Dete	ermi	ne how	the District will identify the student populations whose parents/guardians:
	1.	Hav	e not o	completed and signed a School Medication Authorization Form, or
	2.			provided an epinephrine auto-injector to a student for use at school, even though they bleted the <i>School Medication Authorization Form</i> .
	Dete	ermi	ne whe	en the school nurse will provide or administer the UEAs to students.
The school nurse or trained personnel may:			se or trained personnel may:	

- 1. Provide a UEA that meets the prescription on file in the School Medication Authorization Form to:
 - a. Any student for his or her self-administration only (105 ILCS 5/22-30(a) & (b-10), amended by P.A. 98-795), or

- b. Any personnel authorized under the student's Individual Health Care Action Plan, Food Allergy Emergency Action Plan and Treatment Authorization Form, or Section 504 Plan to administer an epinephrine auto-injector to the student (105 ILCS 5/22-30(b-5), amended by P.A. 98-795). *Any personnel authorized* under these plans is limited to a school nurse, registered nurse, or a properly trained administrator in accordance with Section 10-22.21b of the School Code.
- 2. Administer a UEA to any student that the school nurse or *trained personnel* in good faith believes is having an anaphylactic reaction even though the parent/guardian has not completed and signed a *School Medication Authorization Form* or otherwise granted permission to administer the epinephrine auto-injector (105 ILCS 5/22-30(b-10), amended by P.A. 98-795). **Note:** *Trained personnel* are different than *any personnel authorized* in 1.b., above (105 ILCS 5/22-30(a), amended by 98-795). *Trained personnel* means any school employees or volunteer personnel who are (a) authorized in Sections 10-22.34, 10-22.34a, and 10-22.34b of the School Code, (b) annually trained online or in person to recognize and respond to anaphylaxis through a training curriculum developed by the Ill. State Board of Education (ISBE), and (c) submitting proof to their school's administration that they have completed the annual training (105 ILCS 5/22-30(g), amended by P.A. 98-795). The law does not provide a deadline for ISBE to complete this training curriculum.

	Assess how to manage requests from parents/guardians who wish to <i>opt-out</i> of the UEAs being available to their child.
	The School Code does not provide a mechanism for a student or his or her parent/guardian to <i>opt-out</i> of the administration of the District's supply of UEAs when a nurse and/or trained personnel in good faith professionally believe a student is having an anaphylactic reaction. While there may be religious, health, or other reasons that a student's parent/guardian may wish to <i>opt-out</i> of the administration of a UEA to their child, the law does not provide a way for parents/guardians to do so. Management of this issue should be discussed with the Board Attorney. For additional guidance on this issue, see Board policy 7:275, <i>Orders to Forego Life-Sustaining Treatment</i> .
П	Determine how to notify all parents/guardians about how UEAs may be provided or administered to

students.

If the District maintains a supply of UEAs, it must notify parents/guardians of the protections from liability granted to it and the prescribing physician by 105 ILCS 5/22-30(c). There are two groups of parents/guardians that the District must notify: (1) parents/guardians of students who have previously signed a *School Medication Authorization Form*, and (2) parents/guardians of all students.

For parents/guardians who have previously signed the *School Medication Authorization Form*, 105 ILCS 5/22-30(c) requires the District to provide additional notice that the physician providing the standing protocol and prescription for the District's supply of UEAs is protected from liability, except for willful or wanton conduct arising from the use of a UEA regardless of whether authorization was given by the student, parent/guardian, or student's physician. Discuss with the Board Attorney whether to amend the District's form(s) to include this language.

For parents/guardians of all students, 105 ILCS 5/22-30(c) requires parents/guardians to be informed that: (1) the District maintains a supply of UEA, and (2) the District and the prescribing physician are protected from liability when the school nurse and/or trained personnel administer a UEA to any student when these individuals in good faith professionally believe that the student is having an anaphylactic reaction. There are several methods to inform parent/guardians of this information, e.g., receipt of handbook signature, or see Exhibit 7:270 E, *School Medication Authorization Form*. Discuss with the Board Attorney the method that works best for the District.

Date Established:	Date Revised:	1/20/2015

Exhibit - School Medication Authorization Form

Student's Name:	Birth Date:	
Home Phone:	Emergency Phone:	
	Grade:Teacher:	
To be completed by the student's pinhalers only, use the Asthma Inh	physician, physician assistant or advanced practice RN (Note : for asthalers section below):	
Physician's Printed Name:		
Office Address:		
Office Phone:	Emergency Phone:	
Medication name:		
Purpose:		
Purpose:	Frequency:	
Dosage: Time medication is to be administ	Frequency: tered or under what circumstances: r date: Discontinuation date:	
Dosage: Time medication is to be administ Prescription date:Orde	r date:Discontinuation date:	
Dosage: Time medication is to be administ Prescription date:Orde Diagnosis requiring medication: _	r date:Discontinuation date:	
Dosage: Time medication is to be administ Prescription date: Diagnosis requiring medication: Is it necessary for this medication	r date:Discontinuation date: to be administered during the school day ?	
Dosage: Time medication is to be administ Prescription date: Diagnosis requiring medication: Is it necessary for this medication Expected side effects, if any:	r date:Discontinuation date:	

Asthma Inhalers

Parent(s)/Guardian(s) please attach prescription label here:

For only parents/guardians of students who need to carry and use their asthma medication or an epinephrine auto-injector:

I authorize the School District and its employees and agents, to allow my child or ward to self-carry and self-administer his or her asthma medication and/or epinephrine auto-injector: (1) while in school, (2) while at a school-sponsored activity, (3) while under the supervision of school personnel, or (4) before or after normal school activities, such as while in before-school or after-school care on school-operated property. Illinois law requires the School District to inform parent(s)/guardian(s) that it, and its employees and agents, incur no liability, except for willful and wanton conduct, as a result of any injury arising from a student's self-carry and self-administration of asthma medication or epinephrine auto-injector (105 ILCS 5/22-30).

Please initial to indicate (a) receipt of this information, and (b) authorization for your child to carry and use his or her asthma medication or epinephrine auto-injector.

Parent/Guardian

For all parents/guardians:

By signing below, I agree that I am primarily responsible for administering medication to my child. However, in the event that I am unable to do so or in the event of a medical emergency, I hereby authorize the School District and its employees and agents, in my behalf, to administer or to attempt to administer to my child (or to allow my child to *self-administer* pursuant to State law, while under the supervision of the employees and agents of the School District), lawfully prescribed medication in the manner described above. This includes administration of undesignated epinephrine auto-injectors to my child when there is a good faith belief that my child is having an anaphylactic reaction whether such reactions are known to me or not (105 ILCS 5/22-30, amended by P.A. 98-795). I acknowledge that it may be necessary for the administration of medications to my child to be performed by an individual other than a school nurse and specifically consent to such practices, and

I agree to indemnify and hold harmless the School District and its employees and agents against any claims, except a claim based on willful and wanton conduct, arising out of the administration or the child's self-administration of medication.

Parent/Guardian printed name	
Address (if different from Student's above):	
Phone:	Emergency Phone:
Parent/Guardian signature	Date
Date Established:	
Date Revised: 1/20/2015	

STUDENTS WITH CHRONIC COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

SECTION 1 - PLACEMENT

Students with chronic communicable diseases may attend school in the regular classroom setting whenever, through reasonable accommodation, the risk of transmission of the disease and/or the risk of further injury to the student is sufficiently remote in such setting so as to be outweighed by the detrimental effects of the student's placement in a more restrictive setting. If a student is required to be placed in a non-school setting, an appropriate educational program shall be developed and provided to the student. The determination of whether a student with a chronic communicable disease may attend school in the regular classroom setting shall be made in accordance with Section 2 of this Policy and the Rules and Regulations to Govern the Administration and Operation of Special education (Special education Regulations).

SECTION 2 - PLACEMENT PROCEDURES

Temporary Exclusion

Upon being informed that a student has, or is reasonably suspected of having, a chronic communicable disease, an employee shall inform the Superintendent or designee responsible for convening the multidisciplinary team.

Pending determination of placement, a student with a chronic communicable disease, or a student reasonably suspected of having a chronic communicable disease, may be temporarily excluded from school if a medical situation exists warranting temporary exclusion. Pursuant to Section 226.535 of the Special education Regulations, the school district may require the student to submit to a physical examination, conducted by a physician selected by the district and provided at school district expense. If a student refuses to submit to such an examination, that student may be excluded pending a medical examination showing that the child poses no risk. During the period of temporary exclusion, the student shall be provided with a appropriate educational program. Appropriate educational instruction may include, but shall not be limited to, the following: homebound instruction, hospital instruction and tele-max (if age is appropriate).

SECTION 3- PLACEMENT PROCEDURES

Initial Case Study Evaluation

Each student with a chronic communicable disease, or a student reasonably suspected of having a chronic communicable disease, shall submit to a medical examination as part of a case study evaluation. The student shall then be evaluated by a multidisciplinary team, convened by the Superintendent, that may consist of appropriate district personnel and a physician or other consultants selected by the Superintendent or designee, the student's physician(s), public health personnel, the district's legal counsel, the student's parents or guardians and the student, where applicable. Every effort shall be made to complete the evaluation in a prompt and timely manner.

Placement Decision

Upon completion of a case study evaluation, one or more conferences shall be convened for the purpose of formulating program and service options. Recommendations concerning the student's placement shall be determined in accordance with the standard set forth in Section 1 of this Policy and shall be based upon the following factors:

- (1) the risk of transmission of the disease to others;
- (2) the health risk to the particular student;
- (3) reasonable accommodations which can be made without undue hardship to reduce the health risk to the student and others;
- (4) the provision of educational services in the least restrictive environment.

The placement decision shall be communicated in writing to the student, the parents or guardians, the building principal and the Superintendent.

Appeal Process

A decision on a student's placement or individualized educational program may be appealed in accordance with The School Code and the Rules and Regulations to Govern the Organization and Administration of Special Education.

Subsequent Evaluations

The student shall be reevaluated on a regular basis by the multidisciplinary team to determine whether the student's placement and program continue to be appropriate. The frequency of the reevaluations shall be determined by the team, but in no event shall the student be reevaluated less frequently than twice per school year. In the event a change in the student's medical condition occurs, or a change in the school environment occurs, the multidisciplinary team shall determine if a change in placement is appropriate. If, however, an emergency occurs, the Superintendent shall have the right to take appropriate action. Any such action will be reviewed by the multidisciplinary team as soon as possible.

SECTION 4- CONFIDENTIALITY

A. Students with Chronic Communicable Diseases Other Than Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)or Acquired ImmuneDeficiency Syndrome (AIDS)

The student's medical condition shall be disclosed only to the extent necessary to minimize the health risks to the student and others. The number of personnel aware of the student's condition will be kept at the minimum needed to assure proper care of the student and to detect situations in which the potential for transmission of the disease may increase. Persons deemed to have "a direct need to know" will be provided with the appropriate information; however, these persons shall not further disclose such information. The multidisciplinary team responsible for making initial evaluations and placement decisions will be responsible for determining who has "a direct need to know". The Superintendent or designee shall report, by mail or telephone, each suspected or diagnosed case of a Class I or Class II communicable disease to the local health authority.

B.Students With HIV or AIDS

Upon learning that a student has AIDS or has tested positive for HIV on a Western Blot Assay or on a more reliable test, the Principal shall inform the Superintendent or designee responsible for convening the multidisciplinary team. Members of the Multidisciplinary team may be provided with the child's identity and any other appropriate information. The Principal may also disclose the identity of the child to the administrative official responsible for approving the necessary documentation pertaining to multidisciplinary staffings. The Principal may then disclose the identification of a student with AIDS to the school nurse at the school in which the child is enrolled. Classroom teachers of the child in question deemed to have a "direct need to know" by the multidisciplinary team will be provided with the appropriate information. However, the Principal, multidisciplinary team members, the school nurse and classroom teachers shall not further disclose any information provided to them. (The Principal may, however, reveal the presence of a child infected with HIV, AIDS or ARC so long as the child's identity is not revealed.)

SECTION 5- ADDITIONAL RULES AND REGULATIONS

The Superintendent may establish additional rules and regulations designed to implement this Policy.

Ref.: Robbins, Schwartz, Nicholas, Lifton & Taylor, Ltd.

Date Est.: 4/16/91

Date Revised:

<u>Administrative Procedure - Managing Students with Communicable or Infectious Diseases</u>

If a student's communicable or infectious disease affects his or her ability to participate in the District's educational programs, he or she shall be treated as a *disabled person* under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, unless the student has already qualified for and is receiving services through an IEP under the Individuals with Disabilities in Education Act. For students with an IEP, the District's Administrative Procedure, 6:120-AP1, *Special Education Procedures Assuring the Implementation of Comprehensive Programming for Children with Disabilities*, must also be followed and they will control whenever there is a conflict with these procedures.

Rules and guidance from the ISBE and IDPH should be consulted and supersede these procedures. Guidance documents and important information include:

- 1. *Communicable Disease Guide*, revised 2002, available at www.idph.state.il.us/health/infect/comm_disease_guide.pdf.
- 2. *Management of Chronic Infectious Diseases in Schoolchildren*, revised in 2003 by ISBE and IDPH, available at www.isbe.net/spec-ed/pdfs/chronic diseases.pdf.
- 3. The Department of Public Health Powers and Duties Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois and the Department of Professional Regulation Law of the Civil Administrative Code both expanded the statutory authority of the governor and the IDPH to respond to significant threats to the public health.

Managing Students with Communicable or Infectious Diseases

Actor	Action
Parents/Guardians	Notifies the Building Principal where their child is enrolled if their child has a communicative or infectious disease. A communicative or infectious disease includes Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS), AIDS-Related Complex (ARC), and Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV). See Exhibit 7:280-E2, Reporting and Exclusion Requirements for Common Communicable Diseases, for a list of communicative or infectious diseases.
Building Principal or designee	Upon having knowledge of a known or suspected case or carrier of a communicable disease:
	a. Notifies the <i>local health authority</i> as required by 77 Ill.Admin.Code §690.200. The <i>local health authority</i> is a full-time official health department, as recognized by the Department of Public Health, having jurisdiction over a particular area, including city, village, township, and county boards of health. If there is not a local health authority recognized by the Department, the local health authority is the Department (77 Ill.Admin.Code §690.10). See also Exhibit 7:280-E2, <i>Reporting and Exclusion Requirements for Common Communicable Diseases</i> , identifying the diseases for which there is mandatory reporting. Note : The Communicable Disease Report Act, 745 ILCS 45, grants immunity from slander or libel to persons who in good faith make such reports. b. Follows directions for temporarily excluding a student from school according to the local health authority direction and 77 Ill.Admin.Code 690. Keeps the school open where a student with a communicable disease attended, except in the event of an emergency (77 Ill.Admin.Code §690.30(c)(1).
District staff	Observes all rules of the IDPH regarding communicable and chronic infectious disease. See the Legal References for a list of these rules.

Actor	Action
	Collects and maintains the student's medical information in a manner that ensures the strictest confidentiality and in accordance with federal and State laws regarding student records.
Superintendent or	Confirms that all required and appropriate notices are made.
designee	Convenes the Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease Review Team. This Superintendent committee is composed of the District's medical advisor, a school nurse, the Building Principal, and the Superintendent or designee (see 2:150-AP, Superintendent Committees).
Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease Review Team	Arranges a meeting with the student's parent(s)/guardian(s), personal physician, local health authorities, as well as persons with knowledge of the placement options available. The purpose of the meeting is to: a. Determine when an excluded student will return to school. This determination shall be based on whether the student poses a high risk of transmission of a communicable and chronic infectious disease to other students and staff. A student suspected of being infected with a disease for which isolation is required shall be refused admittance while acute symptoms are present (77 Ill.Admin.Code §690.30(c)(3). b. Perform a pre-placement evaluation (34 C.F.R. §104.35). See 7:280-E1, Placement of School Children with Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS), published by the U.S. Dept. of Education Office for Civil Rights. c. Make a placement decision based on the pre-placement evaluation. The placement decision shall include any needed related services (34 C.F.R. §104.35). d. If there is a reason to believe that the student may have a disability requiring special education and related services, the child shall be referred for a special education evaluation. Referrals may also be made, at any time, by any concerned person, including but not limited to School District personnel, the child's parent(s)/guardian(s), a community service agency employee, a professional having knowledge of a child's problems, a child, or an ISBE employee. See the District's Special Education Procedures Assuring the Implementation of Comprehensive Programming for Children with Disabilities (23 Ill.Admin.Code §226.110). Reports the meeting results to the Superintendent.
Superintendent or designee	Notifies the student's parents/guardians when an excluded student can return to school and of the placement decision. If the student will not attend school, every reasonable effort shall be made to provide the student with an adequate alternative education. State regulations and school policy regarding homebound instruction shall apply.
Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease Review Team	At least annually while a student has a contagious or infectious disease, arranges a meeting with the student's parent(s)/guardian(s), personal physician, local health authorities, as well as persons with knowledge of the placement options available, to review the student's education placement and the provision of related services.

<u>Managing a Student with a Communicable or Infectious Disease Who Demonstrates Behavior that Could Result In Infecting Other Students or Staff Members</u>

Actor	Action
Parents/Guardians or any staff member	Notifies the Building Principal if a student with a communicable or infectious disease shows a lack of control of bodily secretions, has open sores that cannot
	be covered, or demonstrates behavior (e.g., biting) that could result in direct

Actor	Action	
	inoculation of potentially infected body fluids into the bloodstream.	
Building Principal	Immediately notifies the Superintendent of the above.	
Superintendent or designee	Upon being notified that a student is demonstrating behavior that could spread his or her disease, convenes the Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease Review Team.	
	If appropriate, notifies parents of students of possible exposure if their student may have been exposed to a communicable or infectious disease due to behaviors exhibited by a student having such a disease.	
Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease Review Team	Arranges a meeting with the student's parent(s)/guardian(s), personal physician, local health authorities, as well as persons with knowledge of the placement options available. The purpose of this meeting is to:	
	 a. Determine whether the student's temporary removal from the classroom is appropriate because the student poses a high risk of transmitting a communicable and chronic infectious disease or whether another response exists to reduce the risk of transmission. A student suspected of being infected with a disease for which isolation is required shall be refused admittance while acute symptoms are present (77 Ill.Admin.Code §690.30(c)(3). b. Perform a pre-placement evaluation if the student will continue to attend school (34 C.F.R. §104.35). c. Make a placement decision based on the pre-placement evaluation. The placement decision shall include any needed related services (34 C.F.R. §104.35). If the student will continue to attend school, determine the student's appropriate educational placement. The team shall also determine if the student needs related services or placement outside the regular classroom. Reports the meeting's results to the Superintendent. 	
Superintendent or Designee	Notifies the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) whether the student will attend school. If the student will not attend school or participate in school activities with other students, every reasonable effort shall be made to provide the student with an adequate alternative education; however, an individual student's IEP will control. State regulations and school policy regarding homebound instruction apply.	
Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease Review Team	At least once a month while a student is removed from normal school attendance, arranges a meeting with the student's parent(s)/guardian(s), personal physician, local health authorities, as well as persons with knowledge of the placement options available, to review the removal and to determine whether the condition precipitating the removal has changed.	

General Post-Evaluation Procedures

Actor	Action
Parents/Guardians	May appeal their child's exclusion from school or educational placement to the School Board within 10 days of being notified of the action.
Parents/Guardians	When their child returns to school after an absence due to a communicable and chronic infectious disease, present a certificate from a physician licensed in Illinois stating that the child qualifies for re-admission to school under the rules of the IDPH that regulate periods of incubation, communicability, quarantine, and reporting.

LEGAL REF.:	105 ILCS 5/10-21.11 and 10/1 et seq. 410 ILCS 315/. 23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 226. 77 Ill.Admin.Code Parts 665, 690, 693, 695, 696, and 697. 34 C.F.R. §§104.34 and 104.35. Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. §12101 et seq. Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), 20 U.S.C. §1232g. Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 504, 29 U.S.C. §701 et seq.	
CROSS REF.:	2:150 (Committees), 5:40 (Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease)	
		7:280-AP
		Page 4 of 4
Date Established:		
Date Revised:	10/21/2014	

Suicide and Depression Awareness and Prevention

Youth suicide impacts the safety of the school environment. It also affects the school community, diminishing the ability of surviving students to learn and the school's ability to educate. Suicide and depression awareness and prevention are important Board goals.

Suicide and Depression Awareness and Prevention Program

The Superintendent or designee shall develop, implement, and maintain a suicide and depression awareness and prevention program (Program) that advances the Board's goals of increasing awareness and prevention of depression and suicide. This program must be consistent with the requirements of Ann Marie's Law listed below; each listed requirement, 1-6, corresponds with the list of required policy components in the School Code Section 5/2-3.163(c)(2)-(7). The Program shall include:

- 1. Protocols for administering youth suicide awareness and prevention education to students and staff.
 - a. For students, implementation will incorporate Board policy 6:60, *Curriculum Content*, which implements 105 ILCS 5.2-3.139 and 105 ILCS 5/27-7 (requiring education for students to develop a sound mind and a healthy body).
 - b. For staff, implementation will incorporate Board policy 5:100, *Staff Development*, and teacher's institutes under 105 ILCS 5/3-14.8 (requiring coverage of the warning signs of suicidal behavior).
- 2. Procedures for methods of suicide prevention with the goal of early identification and referral of students possibly at risk of suicide.
 - a. For students in grades 7 through 12, implementation shall incorporate the training required by 105 ILCS 5/10-22.39 for school guidance counselors, teachers, school social workers, and other school personnel who work with students to identify the warning signs of suicidal behavior in adolescents and teens along with appropriate intervention and referral techniques, including methods of prevention, procedures for early identification, and referral of students at risk of suicide.
 - b. For all students, implementation shall incorporate Illinois State Board of Education (ISBE)recommended guidelines and educational materials for staff training and professional
 development, along with ISBE-recommended resources for students containing age-appropriate
 educational materials on youth suicide and awareness, if available pursuant to Ann Marie's Law
 on ISBE's website.
- 3. Methods of intervention, including procedures that address an emotional or mental health safety plan for use during the school day and at school-sponsored events for a student identified as being at increased risk of suicide. Implementation will incorporate paragraph number 2, above, along with:
 - a. Board policy 6:65, *Student Social and Emotional Development*, implementing the goals and benchmarks of the Ill. Learning Standards and 405 ILCS 49/15(b) (requiring student social and emotional development in the District's educational program);
 - b. Board policy 6:270, *Guidance and Counseling Program*, implementing guidance and counseling program(s) for students, and 105 ILCS 5/10-22.24a and 22.24b, which allow a qualified guidance specialist or any licensed staff member to provide school counseling services.
 - c. Board policy 7:250, *Student Support Services*, implementing the Children's Mental Health Act of 2003, 405 ILCS 49/ (requiring protocols for responding to students with social, emotional, or mental health issues that impact learning ability); and
 - d. State and/or federal resources that address emotional or mental health safety plans for students who are possibly at an increased risk for suicide, if available on the ISBE's website pursuant to Ann Marie's Law.

- 4. Methods of responding to a student or staff suicide or suicide attempt. Implementation of this requirement shall incorporate building-level Student Support Committee(s) established through Board policy 7:250, *Student Support Services*.
- 5. Reporting procedures. Implementation of this requirement shall incorporate Board policy 6:270, *Guidance and Counseling Program*, and Board policy 7:250, *Student Support Services*, in addition to other State and/or federal resources that address reporting procedures.
- 6. A process to incorporate ISBE-recommend resources on youth suicide awareness and prevention programs, including current contact information for such programs in the District's Suicide and Depression Awareness and Prevention Program.

Illinois Suicide Prevention Strategic Planning Committee

The Superintendent or designee shall attempt to develop a relationship between the District and the Illinois Suicide Prevention Strategic Planning Committee, the Illinois Suicide Prevention Coalition Alliance, and/or a community mental health agency. The purpose of the relationship is to discuss how to incorporate the goals and objectives of the Illinois Suicide Prevention Strategic Plan into the District's Suicide Prevention and Depression Awareness Program.

Monitoring

The Board will review and update this policy pursuant to Ann Marie's Law and Board policy 2:240, *Board Policy Development*.

Information to Staff, Parents/Guardians, and Students

The Superintendent shall inform each school district employee about this policy and ensure its posting on the District's website. The Superintendent or designee shall provide a copy of this policy to the parent or legal guardian of each student enrolled in the District.

Implementation

This policy shall be implemented in a manner consistent with State and federal laws, including the Children's Mental Health Act of 2003, 405 ILCS 49/, Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act, 740 ILCS 110/, and the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 42 U.S.C. §12101 et seq.

The District, Board, and its staff are protected from liability by the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act. Services provided pursuant to this policy: (1) do not replace the care of a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches or a licensed medical practitioner or professional trained in suicide prevention, assessments and counseling services, (2) are strictly limited to the available resources within the District, (3) do not extend beyond the school day and/or school-sponsored events, and (4) cannot guarantee or ensure the safety of a student or the student body.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/2-3.163, 5/14-1.01 et seq., 5/14-7.02, and 5/14-7.02b.

745 ILCS 10/.

CROSS REF.: 2:240 (Board Policy Development), 5:100 (Staff Development Program), 6:60

(Curriculum Content), 6:65 (Student Social and Emotional Development), 6:120 (Education of Children with Disabilities), 6:270 (Guidance and Counseling Program), 7:180 (Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment), 7:250

(Student Support Services)

Date Est.:	
Date Revised:	2/16/2016

Administrative Procedure - Adolescent Suicide and Crisis Intervention

- I. Identification of the at-risk student:
 - A. An employee having any reason to believe a student is considering or threatening suicide is to contact the Building Principal and District social worker/counselor.
 - B. The social worker/counselor or Principal will meet with the student.
 - C. The social worker/counselor will call the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) and arrange a meeting.
 - 1. All calls and meetings with parent(s)/guardian(s) will be documented and a copy of the documentation sent by certified mail to the parent(s)/guardian(s).
 - 2. The social worker/counselor will suggest to the parent(s)/guardian(s) that the state or community mental health agency be contacted. This suggestion shall be a part of the documentation sent to the parent(s)/guardian(s).
 - D. An employee should immediately contact a student's parent(s)/guardian(s) anytime the employee reasonably believes the student is in imminent risk of suicide.
- II. Documentation regarding the at-risk student:
 - A. District employees shall take notes on any conversations which involve or relate to the at-risk student. The notes shall become a part of a written report to the Building Principal.
 - B. Conversations which involve or relate to the at-risk student shall be confirmed in writing with the other party(s).
 - C. The Superintendent shall receive a copy of all reports and documentation regarding the at-risk student.

The social worker/counselor shall prepare a report of the situation for the student's records.

Extracurricular Athletics

Student participation in school-sponsored extracurricular athletic activities is contingent upon the following:

- 1. The student must meet the academic criteria set forth in Board policy 6:190, *Extracurricular and Co-Curricular Activities*.
- 2. A parent/guardian of the student must provide written permission for the student's participation, giving the District full waiver of responsibility of the risks involved.
- 3. The student must present a current certificate of physical fitness issued by a licensed physician, an advanced practice nurse, or a physician assistant. The *Pre-Participation Physical Examination Form*, offered by the Illinois High School Association and the Illinois Elementary School Association, is the preferred certificate of physical fitness.
- 4. The student must show proof of accident insurance coverage either by a policy purchased through the District-approved insurance plan or a parent(s)/guardian(s) written statement that the student is covered under a family insurance plan.
- 5. The student must agree to follow all conduct rules and the coaches' instructions.
- 6. The student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) must provide written consent to random drug and alcohol testing pursuant to the Extracurricular Drug and Alcohol Testing Program.
- 7. The student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) must: (a) comply with the eligibility rules of, and complete any forms required by, any sponsoring association (such as, the Illinois Elementary School Association, the Illinois High School Association, or the Southern Illinois Junior High School Athletic Association), and (b) complete all forms required by the District including, without limitation, signing an acknowledgment of receiving information about the Board's concussion policy 7:305, Student Athlete Concussions and Head Injuries.

The Superintendent or designee (1) is authorized to impose additional requirements for a student to participate in extracurricular athletics, provided the requirement(s) comply with Board policy 7:10, *Equal Educational Opportunities*, and (2) shall maintain the necessary records to ensure student compliance with this policy.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.30, 5/10-20.54, 5/22-80, and 25/2.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.530(b).

CROSS REF.: 4:100 (Insurance Management), 4:170 (Safety), 6:190 (Extracurricular and Co-

Curricular Activities), 7:10 (Equal Educational Opportunities), 7:240 (Conduct Code for Participants in Extracurricular Activities), 7:305 (Student Athlete Concussions and Head

Injuries), 7:340 (Student Records)

Date Est.:	
Date Revised:	2/16/2016



Dakota Community Unit District 201

400 Campus Drive Dakota, Illinois 61018

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Superintendent 815-449-2832 • Fax: 815-449-2459

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7-12 Principal 815-449-2812 • Fax: 815-449-2322

CRYSTAL D. THORPE

PK-6 Principal 815-449-2852 • Fax: 815-449-2459

Agreement to Participate

Student name (printed) _____

Each student and his or her parent/guardian must read and sign this *Agreement to Participate* each year before being allowed to participate in interscholastic sport(s) or intramural athletics. The completed *Agreement* should be returned to the Coach.

1. I wish to participate in the interscholastic sport(s) or intramural athletics that are circled: baseball,

	basketball, cheerleading, cross country, field hockey, football, golf, gymnastics, lacrosse, soccer, softball, swimming/diving, tennis, track, volleyball, wrestling, other (identify sports)
	to participate in a sport not circled above.)
2.	Before I will be allowed to participate, I must provide the School District with a certificate of physical fitness (if participating in interscholastic sport(s), the Pre-Participation Physical Examination Form serves this purpose), show proof of accident insurance coverage, and complete any forms required by the Illinois High School Association (IHSA).
3.	I agree to abide by all conduct rules and will behave in a sportsmanlike manner. I agree to follow the coaches' instructions, playing techniques, and training schedule as well as all safety rules.
4.	I understand that Board policy 7:305, <i>Student Athlete Concussions and Head Injuries</i> , requires, among other things, that a student athlete who exhibits signs and symptoms, or behaviors consistent with a concussion or head injury must be removed from participation or competition at that time and that such student will not be allowed to return to play unless cleared to do so by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches or a certified athletic trainer.
5.	I am aware that with participation in sports comes the risk of injury, and I understand that the degree of danger and seriousness of risk vary significantly from one sport to another with contact sports carrying the highest risk. I am aware that participating in sports involves travel with the team. I acknowledge and accept the risks inherent in the sport(s) or athletics in which I will be participating and in all travel involved. I agree to hold the District, its employees, agents, coaches, School Board members, and volunteers harmless from any and all liability, actions, claims, or demands of any kind and nature whatsoever that may arise by or in connection with my participating in the school-sponsored interscholastic sport(s) or intramural athletics. The terms hereof shall serve as a release and assumption of risk for my heirs, estate, executor, administrator, assignees, and for all members of my family.
Stı	ndent signature Date
	7:300-E

To be read and signed by the parent/guardian of the student:

- 1. I am the parent/guardian of the above named student and give my permission for my child or ward to participate in the interscholastic sport(s) or intramural athletics indicated. I have read the above *Agreement to Participate* and understand its terms.
- 2. I acknowledge having received the attached Concussion Information Sheet.
- 3. I understand that all sports can involve many **risks of injury**, and I understand that the degree of danger and seriousness of risk vary significantly from one sport to another with contact sports carrying the higher risk. I am aware that participating in sports involves travel with the team. In consideration of the School District permitting my child to participate, I agree to hold the District, its employees, agents, coaches, Board members and volunteers harmless from any and all liability, actions, claims or demands of any kind and nature whatsoever that may arise by or in connection with the participation of my child in the sport(s) or athletics. I assume all responsibility and certify that my child is in good physical health and is capable of participation in the above indicated sport or athletics.

Parent/Guardian signature	Date	
Emergency Contact Information		
Name:	Relationship to student:	
Day phone number:	Evening phone number:	
Cell phone number:	Other:	
Name:	Relationship to student:	
Day phone number:	Evening phone number:	
Cell phone number:	Other:	
Name:	Relationship to student:	
Day phone number:	Evening phone number:	
Cell phone number:	Other:	
Name:	Relationship to student:	
Day phone number:	Evening phone number:	
Cell phone number:	Other:	

Concussion Information Sheet

A concussion is a brain injury and all brain injuries are serious. They are caused by a bump, blow, or jolt to the head, or by a blow to another part of the body with the force transmitted to the head. They can range from mild to severe and can disrupt the way the brain normally works. Even though most concussions are mild, <u>all</u> concussions are potentially serious and may result in complications including prolonged brain damage and death if not recognized and managed properly. In other words, even a "ding" or a bump on the head can be serious. You can't see a concussion and most sports concussions occur without loss of consciousness. Signs and symptoms of concussion may show up right after the injury or can take hours or days to fully appear. If your child reports any symptoms of concussion, or if you notice the symptoms or signs of concussion yourself, seek medical attention right away.

Symptoms may include one or more of the following:

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- "Pressure in head"
- Nausea or vomiting
- Neck pain
- · Balance problems or dizziness
- Blurred, double, or fuzzy vision
- Sensitivity to light or noise
- Feeling sluggish or slowed down
- Feeling foggy or groggy
- Drowsiness
- Change in sleep patterns

Amnesia

- "Don't feel right"
- Fatigue or low energy
- Sadness
- Nervousness or anxiety
- Irritability
- More emotional
- Confusion
- Concentration or memory problems (forgetting game plays)
- Repeating the same question/comment

Signs observed by teammates, parents and coaches include:

- Appears dazed
- Vacant facial expression
- Confused about assignment
- Forgets plays
- Is unsure of game, score, or opponent
- Moves clumsily or displays incoordination
- · Answers questions slowly
- Slurred speech
- Shows behavior or personality changes
- Can't recall events prior to hit
- Can't recall events after hit
- Seizures or convulsions
- Any change in typical behavior or personality
- Loses consciousness

What can happen if my child keeps on playing with a concussion or returns too soon?

Athletes with the signs and symptoms of concussion should be removed from play immediately. Continuing to play with the signs and symptoms of a concussion leaves the young athlete especially vulnerable to greater injury. There is an increased risk of significant damage from a concussion for a period of time after that concussion occurs, particularly if the athlete suffers another concussion before completely recovering from the first one. This can lead to prolonged recovery, or even to severe brain swelling (second impact

symptom) with devastating and even fatal consequences. It is well known that adolescent or teenage athletes will often fail to report symptoms of injuries. Concussions are no different. As a result, education of administrators, coaches, parents and students is the key to student-athlete's safety.

If you think your child has suffered a concussion

Any athlete even suspected of suffering a concussion should be removed from the game or practice immediately. No athlete may return to activity after an apparent head injury or concussion, regardless of how mild it seems or how quickly symptoms clear, without medical clearance. Close observation of the athlete should continue for several hours. IHSA Policy requires athletes to provide their school with written clearance from either a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches or a certified athletic trainer working in conjunction with a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches prior to returning to play or practice following a concussion or after being removed from an interscholastic contest due to a possible head injury or concussion and not cleared to return to that same contest. In accordance with state law, all IHSA member schools are required to follow this policy.

You should also inform your child's coach if you think that your child may have a concussion. Remember it's better to miss one game than miss the whole season. And when in doubt, the athlete sits out.

For current and up-to-date information on concussions you can go to:

http://www.cdc.gov/ConcussionInYouthSports/

Adapted by the Illinois High School Association from the CDC and the 3rd International Conference on Concussion in Sport, Document created 7/1/2011.

Date Established: _	12/20/11
Date Revised:	

Student Athlete Concussions and Head Injuries

The Superintendent or designee shall develop and implement a program to manage concussions and head injuries suffered by students. The program shall:

- 1. Prepare for the full implementation of the Youth Sports Concussion Safety Act, that provides, without limitation, each of the following:
 - a. The Board must appoint or approve members of a Concussion Oversight Team for the District.
 - b. The Concussion Oversight Team shall establish each of the following based on peer-reviewed scientific evidence consistent with guidelines from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention:
 - i. A return-to-play protocol governing a student's return to interscholastic athletics practice or competition following a force of impact believed to have caused a concussion. The Superintendent or designee shall supervise an athletic trainer or other person responsible for compliance with the return-to-play protocol.
 - ii. A return-to-learn protocol governing a student's return to the classroom following a force of impact believed to have caused a concussion. The Superintendent or designee shall supervise the person responsible for compliance with the return-to-learn protocol.
 - c. Each student and the student's parent/guardian shall be required to sign a concussion information receipt form each school year before participating in an interscholastic athletic activity.
 - d. A student shall be removed from an interscholastic athletic practice or competition immediately if any of the following individuals believes that the student sustained a concussion during the practice and/or competition: a coach, a physician, a game official, an athletic trainer, the student's parent/guardian, the student, or any other person deemed appropriate under the return-to-play protocol.
 - e. A student who was removed from interscholastic athletic practice or competition shall be allowed to return only after all statutory prerequisites are completed, including without limitation, the return-to-play and return-to-learn protocols developed by the Concussion Oversight Team. An athletic team coach or assistant coach may not authorize a student's return-to-play or return-to-learn.
 - f. The following individuals must complete concussion training as specified in the Youth Sports Concussion Safety Act: all coaches or assistant coaches (whether volunteer or a district employee) of interscholastic athletic activities; nurses who serve on the Concussion Oversight Team; athletic trainers; game officials of interscholastic athletic activities; and physicians who serve on the Concussion Oversight Team.
 - g. The Board shall approve school-specific emergency action plans for interscholastic athletic activities to address the serious injuries and acute medical conditions in which a student's condition may deteriorate rapidly.
- 2. Comply with the concussion protocols, policies, and by-laws of the Illinois High School Association, including its *Protocol for NFHS Concussion Playing Rules* and its *Return to Play Policy*. These specifically require that:
 - a. A student athlete who exhibits signs, symptoms, or behaviors consistent with a concussion in a practice or game shall be removed from participation or competition at that time.
 - b. A student athlete who has been removed from an interscholastic contest for a possible concussion or head injury may not return to that contest unless cleared to do so by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in Illinois or a certified athletic trainer.

- c. If not cleared to return to that contest, a student athlete may not return to play or practice until the student athlete has provided his or her school with written clearance from a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in Illinois or a certified athletic trainer working in conjunction with a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in Illinois.
- 3. Require that all high school coaching personnel, including the head and assistant coaches, and athletic directors obtain online concussion certification by completing online concussion awareness training in accordance with 105 ILCS 25/1.15.
- 4. Require all student athletes to view the Illinois High School Association's video about concussions.
- 5. Inform student athletes and their parents/guardians about this policy in the *Agreement to Participate* or other written instrument that a student athlete and his or her parent/guardian must sign before the student is allowed to participate in a practice or interscholastic competition.
- 6. Provide coaches and student athletes and their parents/guardians with educational materials from the Illinois High School Association regarding the nature and risk of concussions and head injuries, including the risks inherent in continuing to play after a concussion or head injury.
- 7. Include a requirement for staff members to notify the parent/guardian of a student who exhibits symptoms consistent with that of a concussion.

LEGAL REF.:	105 ILCS 5/22-80. 105 ILCS 25/1.15.
CROSS REF.:	4:170 (Safety), 7:300 (Extracurricular Athletics)
Date Established _	
Date Revised	May 2016

Administrative Procedure - Program for Managing Student Athlete Concussions and Head Injuries

Definitions

Concussion - A type of traumatic brain injury caused by a bump, blow, or jolt to the head that alters the way the brain normally functions. A concussion can also occur from a blow to the body that causes the head to move rapidly back and forth. These injuries may or may not cause a loss of consciousness. See *Concussion in Sports*, www.cdc.gov/concussion/sports/index.html. This site contains excellent resources for the recognition, response, and prevention of concussions. The Illinois High School Association (IHSA) website contains comprehensive resources that State law requires schools use to educate coaches, student athletes, and parents/guardians. These are available at:

www.ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/ConcussionManagement/SchoolResources.aspx.

Student athlete - A student who has participated in one or more practices and/or interscholastic athletic contests in any sport offered by or under the auspices of a high school. This definition is from the IHSA's bylaws, www.ihsa.org/AbouttheIHSA/ConstitutionBylawsPolicies.aspx. All Illinois school boards, even those that currently have no *student athletes*, are required to adopt a student athlete concussion and head injury policy that is in compliance with IHSA protocols, polices, and by-laws (105 ILCS 5/10-20.53, added by P.A. 97-204). This administrative procedure implements Board policy 7:305, *Student Athlete Concussions and Head Injuries*.

Actor	Action
Superintendent or designee	Identify the staff members who are responsible for student athletes, including Building Principals, and require that they comply with IHSA concussion protocols, policies, and by-laws, including its <i>Protocol for NFHS Concussion Playing Rules</i> , and its <i>Return to Play Policy</i> . Available at: www.ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/ConcussionManagement/SchoolResources.aspx . Hold the identified staff members responsible for implementing this procedure.
Building Principals	Instruct coaches, trainers, and other staff members who are responsible for student athletes to review and abide by the IHSA protocols, polices, and bylaws regarding concussions and head injuries. Available at: www.ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/ConcussionManagement.aspx.
	 Require that: 1. A student athlete who exhibits signs, symptoms, or behaviors consistent with a concussion (e.g., loss of consciousness, headache, dizziness, confusion, or balance problems) in a practice or game is removed from participation or competition at that time.
	2. A student athlete who has been removed from an interscholastic contest for a possible concussion or head injury is not allowed to return to that contest unless cleared to do so by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in Illinois or a certified athletic trainer.
	3. If not cleared to return to that contest, a student athlete is not allowed to return to play or practice until the student athlete has provided his or her school with written clearance from a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in Illinois or a certified athletic trainer working in conjunction with a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in Illinois.
	Place all written information concerning an injury to a student athlete, including without limitation, a return-to-play clearance from a student's

Actor	Action	
	physician or an athletic trainer, in the student's school student record.	
Building Principals, Coaches, and Trainers (and other staff members who are responsible for student athletes)	Inform student athletes and their parents/guardians about Board policy 7:305, <i>Student Athlete Concussions and Head Injuries</i> by referring to it in exhibit 7:300-E1, <i>Agreement to Participate</i> , or other agreement, contract, code, or written instrument that a student athlete and his or her parent/guardian are required to sign before the student is allowed to participate in a practice or interscholastic competition.	
	Inform student athletes and their parents/guardians about concussions and head injuries by:	
	1. Giving them a copy of the IHSA's <i>Concussion Information Sheet</i> at the time they sign exhibit 7:300-E1, <i>Agreement to Participate</i> , or other agreement, contract, code, or written instrument that a student athlete and his or her parent/guardian are required to sign before the student is allowed to participate in a practice or interscholastic competition. The <i>Concussion Information Sheet</i> , also known as <i>Sign off (DOC)</i> , is at www.ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/ConcussionManagement/ParentGuardianResources.aspx .	
	2. Use educational material provided by IHSA to educate student athletes and parents/guardians about the nature and risk of concussions and head injuries, including the risks inherent in continuing to play after a concussion or head injury. See www.ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/ConcussionManagement.aspx . The Center for Disease Control and Prevention offers free printed educational materials on concussions that can be ordered or downloaded and distributed to parents, students, and coaches. Available at: www.cdc.gov/concussion/ .	
	Follow the IHSA concussion management guidelines. Available at: www.ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/ConcussionManagement.aspx . These guidelines, in summary, require that:	
	1. A student athlete who exhibits signs, symptoms, or behaviors consistent with a concussion (e.g., loss of consciousness, headache, dizziness, confusion, or balance problems) in a practice or game shall be removed from participation or competition at that time.	
	2. A student athlete who has been removed from an interscholastic contest for a possible concussion or head injury may not return to that contest unless cleared to do so by a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in Illinois or a certified athletic trainer.	
	3. If not cleared to return to that contest, a student athlete may not return to play or practice until the student athlete has provided his or her school with written clearance from a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in Illinois or a certified athletic trainer working in conjunction with a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches in Illinois.	
	Learn concussion symptoms and danger signs. Available at: www.ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/ConcussionManagement/Coaching Resources.aspx .	
	Understand before the season begins how to respond if a student athlete exhibits signs, symptoms, or behaviors consistent with a concussion (e.g., loss of consciousness, headache, dizziness, confusion, or balance problems)	

Actor	Action
	in a practice or game.
	Do not assess a head injury; instead, take the student athlete out of play and seek the advice of a health care professional.
	Inform the student athlete's parent/guardian about a possible concussion and give the parent/guardian a fact sheet on concussion. Available at: www.ihsa.org/Resources/SportsMedicine/ConcussionManagement/ParentGuardianResources.aspx.

Date Established:	12/20/11
Date Revised: _	
Date Revised: _	

7:305-AP Page 3 of 3

Restrictions on Publications

School-Sponsored Publications and Web Sites

School-sponsored publications, productions, and web sites are part of the curriculum and are not a public forum for general student use. School authorities may edit or delete material that is inconsistent with the District's educational mission.

All school-sponsored communications shall comply with the ethics and rules of responsible journalism. Text that is libelous, obscene, vulgar, lewd, invades the privacy of others, conflicts with the basic educational mission of the school, is socially inappropriate, is inappropriate due to the maturity of the students, or is materially disruptive to the educational process will not be tolerated.

The author's name will accompany personal opinions and editorial statements. An opportunity for the expression of differing opinions from those published/produced will be provided within the same media.

Non-School Sponsored Publications Accessed or Distributed On-Campus

For purposes of this section and the following section, a *publication* includes, without limitation: (1) written or electronic print material, (2) audio-visual material on any medium including electromagnetic media (e.g., images, MP3 files, flash memory, etc.), or combinations of these whether off-line (e.g., a printed book, CD-ROM, etc.) or online (e.g., any website, social networking site, database for information retrieval, etc.), or (3) information or material on electronic devices (e.g., data or voice messages delivered by cell phones, tablets, and other hand-held devices).

Creating, distributing, and/or accessing non-school sponsored publications shall occur at a time and place and in a manner that will not cause disruption, be coercive, or result in the perception that the distribution or the publication is endorsed by the School District.

Students are prohibited from creating, distributing and/or accessing at school any publication that:

- 1. Will cause substantial disruption of the proper and orderly operation and discipline of the school or school activities;
- 2. Violates the rights of others, including but not limited to material that is libelous, invades the privacy of others, or infringes on a copyright;
- 3. Is socially inappropriate or inappropriate due to maturity level of the students, including but not limited to material that is obscene, pornographic, or pervasively lewd and vulgar, contains indecent and vulgar language, or *sexting* as defined by School Board policy and Student Handbooks;
- 4. Is reasonably viewed as promoting illegal drug use; or
- 5. Is distributed in kindergarten through eighth grade and is primarily prepared by non-students, unless it is being used for school purposes. Nothing herein shall be interpreted to prevent the inclusion of material from outside sources or the citation to such sources as long as the material to be distributed or accessed is primarily prepared by students.

Accessing or distributing *on-campus* includes accessing or distributing on school property or at school-related activities. A student engages in gross disobedience and misconduct and may be disciplined for: (1) accessing or distributing forbidden material, or (2) for writing, creating, or publishing such material intending for it to be accessed or distributed at school.

Non-School Sponsored Publications Accessed or Distributed Off-Campus

A student engages in gross disobedience and misconduct and may be disciplined for creating and/or distributing a publication that: (1) causes a substantial disruption or a foreseeable risk of a substantial disruption to school operations, or (2) interferes with the rights of other students or staff members.

Bullying and Cyberbullying

The Superintendent or designee shall treat behavior that is *bullying* and/or *cyberbullying* according to Board policy 7:180, *Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment*, in addition to any response required by this policy.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/27-23.7

Hazelwood v. Kuhlmeier, 108 S.Ct. 562 (1988).

Hedges v. Wauconda Community Unit School Dist. No. 118, 9 F.3d 1295 (7th Cir. 1993).

Tinker v. Des Moines Indep. Cmty. Sch. Dist., 89 S.Ct. 733 (1969).

CROSS REF.: 6:235 (Access to Electronic Networks), 7:180 (Prevention of and Response to Bullying,

Intimidation, and Harassment), 8:25 (Advertising and Distributing Materials in School

Provided by Non-School Related Entities)

Date Established:	
Date Revised:	10/20/2015

<u>Administrative Procedure - Distribution of Non-School Sponsored Written Material on School Grounds</u>

- A. When a student or students, who as an individual or a group, seeks to distribute more than 10 copies of the same written material on one or more days to students, he/she must comply with the following procedures:
 - 1. At least 24 hours before any distribution of material, the student shall notify the Building Principal of his/her intent to distribute, in writing.
 - 2. Material may be distributed at times selected by the Building Principal before the beginning or ending of classes at a central location or locations inside the building selected by the Building Principal.
 - 3. The Building Principal may limit places of distribution, limit the number of students distributing material, or restrict the manner of distribution whenever necessary to prevent disruption, congestion, or the perception that the material being distributed is school-endorsed.
 - 4. Distribution must be done in an orderly and peaceful manner. Distribution which is coercive so as to affect any person's right to accept or reject any offered material is prohibited.
 - 5. The distribution shall be conducted in a manner which does not cause additional work for school personnel. Therefore, students who distribute material are responsible for cleaning up any materials thrown on school grounds.
 - 6. Students shall not distribute written material:
 - a. which will cause substantial disruption of the proper and orderly operation and discipline of the school or school activities;
 - b. which violates the rights of others, including but not limited to, material that is libelous, invades the privacy of others, or infringes on a copyright;
 - c. which is socially inappropriate or inappropriate due to the students' maturity level, including, but not limited to, material that is obscene, pornographic, or pervasively lewd and vulgar, or contains indecent and vulgar language;
 - d. which is primarily intended for the immediate solicitation of funds; or
 - e. which, in elementary and/or middle schools, is primarily prepared by non-students.
 - 7. A student may appeal the denial of a request to distribute written material to the Superintendent by notifying the Building Principal, in writing. he student may appeal the Superintendent's decision to the School Board by notifying the Building Principal or Superintendent, in writing. The Board or a Board committee shall meet to review the Superintendent's decision within 5 business days of the Superintendent's decision and render a decision. If the committee of the Board makes the decision, the full Board shall review the decision of the committee and promptly issue a decision.
 - 8. Whenever these procedures require written notification, the appropriate administrator may assist the student in preparing such notification, when necessary.

B. When a student or students, who as an individual or a group, seeks to distribute 10 copies or less of the same written material on one or more days to students, he/she shall distribute such material at times and places and in a manner that will not cause substantial disruption of the proper and orderly operation and discipline of the school or school activities and in conformance with paragraphs 4, 5, and 6 of Section A of these administrative procedures. If a student is prevented from distributing written material on the grounds that he/she violated this policy, the student may appeal the decision in accordance with paragraph 7 of Section A.

LEGAL REF.: <u>Hazelwood v. Kuhlmeier</u>, 108 S.Ct. 562 (1988).

Hedges v. Wauconda Community Unit School Dist. No. 118, 9 F.3d 1295 (7th Cir. 1993).

Access to Electronic Networks

Electronic networks, including the Internet, are a part of the District's instructional program in order to promote educational excellence by facilitating resource sharing, innovation, and communication. The Superintendent or designee shall develop an implementation plan for this policy and appoint a system administrator.

The School District is not responsible for any information that may be lost, damaged, or unavailable when using the network, or for any information that is retrieved or transmitted via the Internet. Furthermore, the District will not be responsible for any unauthorized charges or fees resulting from access to the Internet.

Curriculum

The use of the District's electronic networks shall (1) be consistent with the curriculum adopted by the District as well as the varied instructional needs, learning styles, abilities, and developmental levels of the students, and (2) comply with the selection criteria for instructional materials and library-media center materials. Staff members may, consistent with the Superintendent's implementation plan, use the Internet throughout the curriculum.

The District's electronic network is part of the curriculum and is not a public forum for general use.

Acceptable Use

All use of the District's electronic network must be (1) in support of education and /or research, and be in furtherance of the School Board's stated goals, or (2) for a legitimate school business purpose. Use is a privilege, not a right. Students and staff members have no expectation of privacy in any material that is stored, transmitted, or received via the District's electronic network or District computers. General rules for behavior and communications apply when using electronic networks. The District's *Authorization for Electronic Network Access* contains the appropriate uses, ethics, and protocol. Electronic communications and downloaded material, including files deleted from a user's account but not erased, may be monitored or read by school officials.

Internet Safety

Each District computer with Internet access shall have a filtering device that blocks entry to visual depictions that are (1) obscene, (2) pornographic, or (3) harmful or inappropriate for students, as defined by the Children's Internet Protection Act and as determined by the Superintendent or designee. The Superintendent or designee shall enforce the use of such filtering devices. An administrator, supervisor, or other authorized person may disable the filtering device for bona fide research or other lawful purpose, provided the person receives prior permission from the Superintendent or system administrator. The Superintendent or designee shall include measures in this policy's implementation plan to address the following:

- 1. Limiting student access to inappropriate matter as well as restricting access to harmful materials;
- 2. Student safety and security when using electronic communications;
- 3. Limiting unauthorized access, including "hacking" and other unlawful activities; and
- 4. Limiting unauthorized disclosure, use, and dissemination of personal identification information.

Authorization for Electronic Network Access

Each staff member must sign the District's *Authorization for Electronic Network Access* as a condition for using the District's electronic network. Each student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) must sign the *Authorization* before being granted unsupervised use.

All users of the District's computers and means of Internet access shall maintain the confidentiality of student records. Reasonable measures to protect against unreasonable access shall be taken before confidential student information is loaded onto the network.

The failure of any student or staff member to follow the terms of the *Authorization for Electronic Network Access*, or this policy, will result in the loss of privileges, disciplinary action, and /or appropriate legal action.

Administrative Procedure – Acceptable Use of Electronic Networks

All use of electronic networks shall be consistent with the District's goal of promoting educational excellence by facilitating resource sharing, innovation, and communication. These procedures do not attempt to state all required or proscribed behavior by users. However, some specific examples are provided. The failure of any user to follow these procedures will result in the loss of privileges, disciplinary action, and /or appropriate legal action.

Terms and Conditions

- Acceptable Use Access to the District's electronic networks must be (a) for the purpose of education or research, and be consistent with the educational objectives of the District, or (b) for legitimate business use.
- 2. Privileges The use of the District's electronic networks is a privilege, not a right, and inappropriate use will result in a cancellation of those privileges. The system administrator will make all decisions regarding whether or not a user has violated these procedures and may deny, revoke, or suspend access at any time; his or her decision is final.
- 3. Unacceptable Use The user is responsible for his or her actions and activities involving the network. Some examples of unacceptable uses are:
 - a. Using the network for any illegal activity, including violation of copyright or other contracts, or transmitting any material in violation of any U.S. or State law;
 - b. Unauthorized downloading of software, regardless of whether it is copyrighted or de-virused;
 - c. Downloading copyrighted material for other than personal use;
 - d. Using the network for private financial or commercial gain;
 - e. Wastefully using resources, such as file space;
 - f. Gaining unauthorized access to resources or entities;
 - g. Invading the privacy of individuals;
 - h. Using another user's account or password;
 - i. Posting material authorized or created by another without his/her consent;
 - j. Posting anonymous messages;
 - k. Using the network for commercial or private advertising;
 - 1. Accessing, submitting, posting, publishing, or displaying any defamatory, inaccurate, abusive, obscene, profane, sexually oriented, threatening, racially offensive, harassing, or illegal material; and
 - m. Using the network while access privileges are suspended or revoked.

- 4. Network Etiquette The user is expected to abide by the generally accepted rules of network etiquette. These include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Be polite. Do not become abusive in messages to others.
 - b. Use appropriate language. Do not swear, or use vulgarities or any other inappropriate language.
 - c. Do not reveal the personal addresses or telephone numbers of students or colleagues.
 - d. Recognize that electronic mail (E-mail) is not private. People who operate the system have access to all mail. Messages relating to or in support of illegal activities may be reported to the authorities.
 - e. Do not use the network in any way that would disrupt its use by other users.
 - f. Consider all communications and information accessible via the network to be private property.
- 5. No Warranties The District makes no warranties of any kind, whether expressed or implied, for the service it is providing. The District will not be responsible for any damages the user suffers. This includes loss of data resulting from delay, non-deliveries, missed-deliveries, or service interruptions caused by its negligence or the users' errors or omissions. Use of any information obtained via the Internet is at the user's own risk. The District specifically denies any responsibility for the accuracy or quality of information obtained through its services.
- 6. Indemnification The user agrees to indemnify the School District for any losses, costs, or damages, including reasonable attorney fees, incurred by the District relating to, or arising out of, violation of these procedures.
- 7. Security Network security is a high priority. If the user can identify a security problem on the Internet, the user must notify the system administrator or Building Principal. Do not demonstrate the problem to other users. Keep your account and password confidential. Do not use another individual's account without written permission from that individual. Attempts to log-on to the Internet as a system administrator will result in cancellation of user privileges. Any user identified as a security risk may be denied access to network.
- 8. Vandalism Vandalism will result in cancellation of privileges and other disciplinary action. Vandalism is defined as any malicious attempt to harm or destroy data of another user, the Internet, or any other network. This includes, but is not limited to, the uploading or creation of computer viruses.
- 9. Telephone Charges The District assumes no responsibility for any unauthorized charges or fees, including telephone charges, long-distance charges, per-minute surcharges, and /or equipment or line costs.
- 10. Copyright Web Publishing Rules Copyright law and District policy prohibit the re-publishing of text or graphics found on the Web or on District Web sites or file servers without explicit written permission.
 - a. For each re-publication (on a Web site or file server) of a graphic or a text file that was produced externally, there must be a notice at the bottom of the page crediting the original producer and noting how and when permission was granted. If possible, the notice should also include the Web address of the original source.

- b. Students and staff engaged in producing Web pages must provide network administrator with e-mail or hard copy permissions before the Web pages are published. Printed evidence of the status of "public domain" documents must be provided.
- c. The absence of a copyright notice may not be interpreted as permission to copy the materials. Only the copyright owner may provide the permission. The manager of the Web site displaying the material may not be considered a source of permission.
- d. The "fair use" rules governing student reports in classrooms are less stringent and permit limited use of graphics and text.
- e. Student work may only be published if there is written permission from both the parent/guardian and student.

11. Use of Electronic Mail

- a. the District's electronic mail system, and its constituent software, hardware, and data files, are owned and controlled by the School District. The School District provides e-mail to aid students and staff members in fulfilling their duties and responsibilities, and as an education tool.
- b. The District reserves the right to access and disclose the contents of any account on its system, without prior notice or permission from the account's user. Unauthorized access by any student or staff member to an electronic mail account is strictly prohibited.
- c. Each person should use the same degree of care in drafting an electronic mail message as would be put into a written memorandum or document. Nothing should be transmitted in an e-mail message that would be inappropriate in a letter or memorandum.
- d. Electronic messages transmitted via the School District's Internet gateway carry with them an identification of the user's Internet "domain." This domain name is a registered domain name and identifies the author as being with the School District. Great care should be taken, therefore, in the composition of such messages and how such messages might reflect on the name and reputation of the School District. Users will be held personally responsible for the content of any and all electronic mail messages transmitted to external recipients.
- e. Any message received from an unknown sender via the Internet should either be immediately deleted or forwarded to the system administrator. Downloading any file attached to any Internet-based message is prohibited unless the user is certain of that message's authenticity and the nature of the file so transmitted.
- f. Use of the School District's electronic <u>mail</u> system constitutes consent to these regulations.
- g. Recreational use of e-mail by students is restricted to before or after school.
- h. Student use of chat rooms is prohibited.

Internet Safety

- 1. Internet access is limited to only those "acceptable uses" as detailed in these procedures. Internet safety is almost assured if users will not engage in "unacceptable uses," as detailed in these procedures, and otherwise follow these procedures.
- 2. Staff members shall supervise students while students are using District Internet access to ensure that the students abide by the Terms and Conditions for Internet access contained in these procedures.
- 3. Each District computer with Internet access has a filtering device that blocks entry to visual depictions that are (1) obscene, (2) pornographic, or (3) harmful or inappropriate for students, as defined by the Children's Internet Protection Act and as determined by the Superintendent or designee.
- 4. The system administrator and Building Principals shall monitor student Internet access.

Exhibit – Letter to Parent(s)/Guardian(s) Regarding Student Use of the District's Electronic Networks

Dear Patent(s)/Guardian(s),

We have the ability to enhance your child's education through the use of electronic networks, including the Internet. The Internet offers vast, diverse, and unique resources. The District's goal in providing this service is to promote educational excellence by facilitating resource sharing, innovation, and communication. Your authorization is needed before your child may use this resource.

The Internet electronically connects thousands of computers throughout the world and millions of individual subscribers. Students and teachers may have access to:

- Limited electronic mail communications with people all over the world
- Information from government sources, research institutions, and other sources
- Discussion groups
- Many libraries, including the catalog to the Library of Congress, and the Educational Resources Information Clearinghouses (ERIC).

With this educational opportunity also comes responsibility. You and your child should read the enclosed *Authorization for Electronic Network Access* and discuss it together. The use of inappropriate material or language, or violation of copyright laws, may result in the loss of the privilege to use this resource. Remember that you are legally responsible for your child's actions.

The District takes precautions to prevent access to materials that may be defamatory, inaccurate, offensive, or otherwise inappropriate in the school setting. On an unregulated network, however, it is impossible to control all material and a user may discover inappropriate material. Ultimately, parent(s)/guardian(s) are responsible for setting and conveying the standards that their child or ward should follow. To that end, the School District supports and respects each family's right to decide whether or not to authorize Internet access.

Please read and discuss the *Authorization for Electronic Network Access* with your child. If you agree to allow your child to have an Internet account, sign the *Authorization* form and return it to your school.

Exhibit – Authorization for Electronic Network Access

Each teacher/staff member must sign this Authorization as a condition for using the District's Electronic Network connection. Each student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) must sign the Authorization before being granted unsupervised access. School Board members and administrators are treated like teachers for purposes of this Authorization. Please read this document carefully before signing.

All use of the Internet shall be consistent with the District's goal of promoting educational excellence by facilitating resource sharing, innovation, and communication. This Authorization does not attempt to state all required or proscribed behavior by users. However, some specific examples are provided. **The failure of any user to follow the terms of the** *Authorization for Electronic Network Access* will result in the loss of privileges, disciplinary action, and/or appropriate legal action. The signature(s) at the end of this document is legally binding and indicates the party who signed has read the terms and conditions carefully and understands their significance.

Terms and Conditions

- 1. Acceptable Use Access to the District's electronic networks must be (a) for the purpose of education or research, and be consistent with the educational objectives of the District, or (b) for a legitimate business use.
- 2. Privileges The use of the District's electronic networks is a privilege, not a right, and inappropriate use will result in a cancellation of those privileges. The system administrator will make all decisions regarding whether or not a user has violated this *Authorization* and may deny, revoke, or suspend access at any time; his or her decision is final.
- 3. Unacceptable Use You are responsible for your actions and activities involving the network. Some examples of unacceptable uses are:
 - a. Using the network for any illegal activity, including violation of copyright or other contracts, or transmitting any material in violation of any U.S. or State law;
 - b. Unauthorized downloading of software, regardless of whether it is copyrighted or devirused;
 - c. Downloading copyrighted material for other than personal use;
 - d. Using the network for private financial or commercial gain;
 - e. Wastefully using resources, such as file space;

- f. Gaining unauthorized access to resources or entities;
- g. Invading the privacy of individuals;
- h. Using another user's account or password;
- i. Posting material authored or created by another without his/her consent
- j. Posting anonymous messages;
- k. Using the network for commercial or private advertising;
- Accessing, submitting, posting, publishing, or displaying any defamatory, inaccurate, abusive, obscene, profane, sexually oriented, threatening, racially offensive, harassing, or illegal material; and
- m. Using the network while access privileges are suspended or revoked.
- 4. Network Etiquette You are expected to abide by the generally accepted rules of network etiquette. These include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Be polite. Do not become abusive in your messages to others.
 - b. Use appropriate language. Do not swear, or use vulgarities or any other inappropriate language.
 - c. Do not reveal the personal addresses or telephone numbers of students or colleagues.
 - d. Recognize that electronic mail (E-mail) is not private. People who operate the system have access to all mail. Messages relating to or in support of illegal activities may be reported to the authorities.
 - e. Do not use the network in any way that would disrupt its use by other users.
 - f. Consider all communications and information accessible via the network to be private property.

- 5. No Warranties The District makes no warranties of any kind, whether expressed or implied, for the service it is providing. The District will not be responsible for any damages you suffer. This includes loss of data resulting from delays, non-deliveries, missed-deliveries, or service interruptions caused by its negligence or your errors or omissions. Use of any information obtained via the Internet is at your own risk. The District specifically denies any responsibility for the accuracy or quality of information obtained through its services.
- 6. Indemnification The user agrees to indemnify the School District for any losses, costs, or damages, including reasonable attorney fees, incurred by the District relating to, or arising out of, any breach of this *Authorization*.
- 7. Security Network security is a high priority. If you can identify a security problem on the Internet, you must notify the system administrator or Building Principal. Do not demonstrate the problem to other users. Keep your account and password confidential. Do not use another individual's account without written permission from that individual. Attempts to log-on to the Internet as a system administrator will result in cancellation of user privileges. Any user identified as a security risk may be denied access to the network.
- 8. Vandalism Vandalism will result in cancellation of privileges and other disciplinary action. Vandalism is defined as any malicious attempt to harm or destroy data of another user, the Internet, or any other network. This includes, but is not limited to, the uploading or creation of computer viruses.
- 9. Telephone Charges The District assumes no responsibility for any unauthorized charged or fees, including telephone charges, long-distance charges, per-minute surcharges, and/or equipment or line costs.
- 10. Copyright Web Publishing Rules Copyright law and District policy prohibit the republishing of text or graphics found on the Web or on District Web sites or file servers, without explicit written permission.
 - a. For each re-publication (on a Web site or file server) of a graphic or a text file that was produced externally, there must be a notice at the bottom of the page crediting the original producer and noting how and when permission was granted. If possible, the notice should also include the Web address of the original source.
 - b. Students and staff engaged in producing Web pages must provide library media specialists with e-mail or hard copy permissions before the Web pages are published. Printed evidence of the status of "public domain" documents must be provided.
 - c. The absence of a copyright notice may not be interpreted as permission to copy the materials. Only the copyright owner may provide the permission. The manager of the Web site displaying the material may not be considered a source of permission.
 - d. The "fair use" rules governing student reports in classrooms are less stringent and permit limited use of graphics and text.
 - e. Student work may only be published if there is written permission from both the parent/guardian and student.

11. Use of Electronic Mail

- a. The District's electronic mail system, and its constituent software, hardware, and data files, are owned and controlled by the School District. The School District provides e-mail to aid students and staff members in fulfilling their duties and responsibilities, and as an education tool.
- b. The District reserves the right to access and disclose the contents of any account on its system, without prior notice or permission from the account's user. Unauthorized access by any student or staff member to an electronic mail account is strictly prohibited.
- c. Each person should use the same degree of care in drafting an electronic mail message as would be put into a written memorandum or document. Nothing should be transmitted in an e-mail message that would be inappropriate in a letter or memorandum.
- d. Electronic messages transmitted via the District's Internet gateway carry with them an identification of the user's Internet "domain." This domain name is a registered domain name and identifies the author as being with the School District. Great care should be taken, therefore, in the composition of such messages and how such messages might reflect on the name and reputation of this School District. Users will be held personally responsible for the content of any and all electronic mail messages transmitted to external recipients.
- e. Any message received from an unknown sender via the Internet should either be immediately deleted or forwarded to the system administrator. Downloading any file attached to any Internet-based message is prohibited unless the user is certain of that messages transmitted to external recipients.
- f. Use of the School District's electronic mail system constitutes consent to these regulations.

Internet Safety

- 1. Internet access is limited to only those "acceptable uses" as detailed in these procedures. Internet safety is almost assured if users will not engage in "unacceptable uses," as detailed in this *Authorization*, and otherwise follow this *Authorization*.
- 2. Staff members shall supervise students while students are using District Internet access to ensure that the students abide by the Terms and Conditions for Internet access contained in this *Authorization*.
- 3. Each District computer with Internet access has a filtering device that blocks entry to visual depictions that are (1) obscene, (2) pornographic, or (3) harmful or inappropriate for students, as defined by the Children's Internet Protection Act and as determined by the Superintendent or designee.
- 4. The system administrator and Building Principals shall monitor student Internet access.

Students, parent(s)/guardian(s), and teachers need only sign this *Authorization for Electronic Network Access* once while enrolled or employed by the School District.

I understand and will abide by the above *Authorization for Electronic Network Access*. I understand that the District and /or its agents may access and monitor my use of the Internet, including my E-mail and downloaded material, without prior notice to me. I further understand that should I commit any violation, my access privileges may be revoked, and school disciplinary action and /or appropriate legal action may be taken. In consideration for using the District's electronic network connection and having access to public networks, I hereby release the School District and its Board members, employees, and agents from any claims and damages arising from my use of, or inability to use the Internet.

DATE:	
USER SIGNATURE	USER SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
(Required if the user is a student:)	
educational purposes and that the District has However, I also recognize it is impossible for inappropriate materials. I will hold harmless the harm caused by materials or software obtained via	taken precautions to eliminate controversial material. The District to restrict access to all controversial and District, its employees, agents, or Board members, for any a the network. I accept full responsibility from supervision ing. I have discussed the terms of this <i>Authorization</i> with ed access to the District's Internet.
DATE:	
PARENT/GUARDIAN NAME (Please Print):	
SIGNATURE:	

Page 1 of 1

STUDENT FUND-RAISING ACTIVITIES

Students should not be used to promote fund-raising activities by non-school sponsored groups except those which are of a school-wide nature in which participation can be a positive experience for students and when the proceeds contribute to a recognized humanitarian purpose.

Fund-raising plans approved by the Building Principal shall be submitted to the Superintendent for approval. The funds shall be used to the maximum extent possible for student activities.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.19(3).

CROSS REF.: 4:90 (Student Activity Fund Management)

STUDENT USE OF BUILDINGS - EQUAL ACCESS

Non-curriculum related student groups may meet on school premises during non-instructional time if approved by the Building Principal.

If the meeting is student-initiated and not a part of a school sponsored activity, it must be conducted according to the following guidelines:

- 1. Attendance is voluntary;
- 2. The school will not participate in or sponsor it;
- 3. School employees can be present at religious meetings only in a non-participatory capacity;
- 4. It cannot materially and substantially interfere with the orderly conduct of educational activities within the school;
- 5. Non-school persons may not direct, conduct, control, or regularly attend; and
- 6. The school maintains its authority to maintain order and discipline.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop administrative procedures that will implement this policy.

LEGAL REF.: Equal Access Act, 20 U.S.C. § 4071 et seq.

Board of Education of Westside Community School Dist. v. Mergens, 110 S.Ct. 2356

(1990).

CROSS REF.: 7:10 (Equal Education Opportunities), 8:20 (Community Use of School Facilities)

Administrative Procedure - Student Use of Buildings and Equal Access

Application for use of school premises by non-curriculum related, student-initiated groups, must be made at least one week in advance to the Building Principal, stating fully:

- 1. The purpose for which the premises are to be used;
- 2. The character of the program or activities;
- 3. The materials to be brought into or near the building;
- 4. The arrangement of the furniture in the rooms, including decorations;
- 5. The charges to be made to participate;
- 6. And any other information the Building Principal might require.

In scheduling the use of school premises, activities associated with the District educational program have priority over the activities of any other organization; otherwise, school premises will be available on a first-come, first-served basis.

Student Records

School student records are confidential. Information from them shall not be released other than as provided by law. A school student record is any writing or other recorded information concerning a student and by which a student may be identified individually that is maintained by a school or at its direction by a school employee, regardless of how or where the information is stored, except as provided in State or federal law as summarized below:

- 1. Records kept in a staff member's sole possession.
- 2. Records maintained by law enforcement officers working in the school.
- 3. Video and other electronic recordings (including without limitation, electronic recordings made on school buses) that are created in part for law enforcement, security, or safety reasons or purposes. The content of these recordings may become part of a school student record to the extent school officials create, use, and maintain this content, or it becomes available to them by law enforcement officials, for disciplinary or special education purposes regarding a particular student.
- 4. Any information, either written or oral, received from law enforcement officials concerning a student less than the age of 17 years who has been arrested or taken into custody.

State and federal law grants students and parents/guardians certain rights, including the right to inspect, copy, and challenge school student records. The information contained in school student records shall be kept current, accurate, clear, and relevant. All information maintained concerning a student receiving special education services shall be directly related to the provision of services to that child. The District may release directory information as permitted by law, but a parent/guardian shall have the right to object to the release of information regarding his or her child. However, the District will comply with an *ex parte* court order requiring it to permit the U.S. Attorney General or designee to have access to a student's school records without notice to, or the consent of, the student's parent/guardian. Upon request, the District discloses school student records without consent to officials of another school district in which a student has enrolled or intends to enroll, as well as to any person as specifically required by State or federal law.

The Superintendent shall fully implement this policy and designate an *official records custodian* for each school who shall maintain and protect the confidentiality of school student records, inform staff members of this policy, and inform students and their parents/guardians of their rights regarding school student records.

Student Biometric Information Collection

The Superintendent or designee may recommend a student biometric information collection system solely for the purposes of identification and fraud prevention. Such recommendation shall be consistent with budget requirements and in compliance with State law. Biometric information means any information that is collected through an identification process for individuals based on their unique behavioral or physiological characteristics, including fingerprint, hand geometry, voice, or facial recognition or iris or retinal scans.

Before collecting student biometric information, the District shall obtain written permission from the person having legal custody/parental responsibility or the student (if over the age of 18). Upon a student's 18th birthday, the District shall obtain written permission from the student to collect student biometric information. Failure to provide written consent to collect biometric information shall not be the basis for refusal of any services otherwise available to a student.

All collected biometric information shall be stored and transmitted in a manner that protects it from disclosure. Sale, lease, or other disclosure of biometric information to another person or entity is strictly prohibited.

The District will discontinue use of a student's biometric information and destroy all collected biometric information within 30 days after: (1) the student graduates or withdraws from the School District, or (2) the District receives a written request to discontinue use of biometric information from the person having legal

custody/parental responsibility of the student or the student (if over the age of 18). Requests to discontinue using a student's biometric information shall be forwarded to the Superintendent or designee.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop procedures to implement this policy consistent with State and federal law.

LEGAL REF.: Chicago Tribune Co. v. Chicago Bd. of Ed., 773 N.E.2d 674 (Ill.App.1, 2002).

Owasso I.S.D. No. I-011 v. Falvo, 122 S.Ct. 934 (2002).

Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. §1232g; 34 C.F.R. Part 99. Children's Privacy Protection and Parental Empowerment Act, 325 ILCS 17/.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.21b, 20.37, 20.40, 5/14-1.01 et seq., and 10/.

50 ILCS 205/7. 750 ILCS 5/602.11.

23 Ill.Admin.Code Parts 226 and 375.

CROSS REF.: 5:100 (Staff Development Program), 5:130 (Responsibilities Concerning Internal

Information), 7:15 (Student and Family Privacy Rights), 7:220 (Bus Conduct)

ADMIN PROC.: 7:15-E (Notification to Parents of Family Privacy Rights), 7:340-AP1 (School Student

Records), 7:340-AP1, E1 (Notice to Parents/Guardians and Students of Their Rights Concerning a Student's School Records), 7:340-AP1, E3 (Letter to Parents Concerning

Military Recruiters and Postsecondary Institutions Receiving Student Directory

Information), 7:340-AP2 (Storage and Destruction of School Student Records), 7:340-

AP2, E1 (Schedule for Destruction of School Student Records)

Date Est.:	
Date Revised:	2/16/2016

<u>Administrative Procedure - School Student Records</u>

- A. Legal Citations and Definitions
- B. School Student Records Defined
- C. Eligible Students Accorded the Rights of Parent/Guardian
- D. Official Records Custodians
- E. Maintenance of School Student Records
- F. Retention and Destruction of School Student Records
- G. Social Security Numbers
- H. Access to School Student Records
- I. Record of Release
- J. Orders of Protection
- K. Transmission of Records for Transfer Students
- L. Directory Information
- M. Student Record Challenges

A. Legal Citations and Definitions

The legal requirements contained in this procedure are followed by a citation to the controlling rule and/or statute. Citations in parenthesis indicate the location of a named law. For additional clarification regarding a requirement, the cited law should be reviewed.

Definitions are found in the Illinois School Student Records Act (105 ILCS 10/2) and the Illinois State Board of Education rules (23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.10). For easy reference, some definitions are reprinted in this procedure.

The release of confidential information given by a student to a therapist (e.g., school counselor or psychologist) is not included in these procedures but is governed by the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act (740 ILCS 110/).

B. School Student Records Defined

School Student Record means any writing or other recorded information concerning a student and by which a student may be individually identified that is maintained by a school or at its direction or by an employee of a school, regardless of how or where the information is stored. 105 ILCS 10/2(d).

Special Education Records means school records that relate to identification, evaluation, or placement of, or the provision of a free and appropriate public education to, students with disabilities under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. §1400 et seq.) and Article 14 of the School Code. These records include the report of the multidisciplinary staffing conference on which placement or nonplacement was based and all records and audio recordings in any format relating to special education placement hearings and appeals. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.10.

A school student record does not include any of the following:

- 1. Writings or other recorded information kept in a school staff member's sole possession that is destroyed not later than the student's graduation or permanent withdrawal, and is not accessible or revealed to any other person except a temporary substitute teacher. 105 ILCS 10/2(d).
- 2. Information maintained by law enforcement professionals working in the school. 105 ILCS 10/2(d).
- 3. Video or other electronic recordings created and maintained by law enforcement professionals working in the school or for security or safety reasons or purposes, provided the information was created at least in part for law enforcement or security or safety reasons or purposes. This includes, without limitation, electronic recordings made on school buses, as defined in the exemption from the criminal offense of eavesdropping in 720 ILCS 5/14-3. The content of these recordings may become part of a school student record to the extent school officials create, use,

and maintain this content, or it becomes available to them by law enforcement officials for disciplinary or special education purposes regarding a particular student. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.10.

4. Any information, either written or oral, received from law enforcement officials pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/22-20 concerning a student less than the age of 17 years who has been arrested or taken into custody. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.10.

C. Eligible Students Accorded the Rights of Parent/Guardian

All rights and privileges concerning school student records that are accorded to parents/guardians become exclusively those of the student when the student reaches 18 years of age, graduates from high school, marries, or enters military service, whichever occurs first. 105 ILCS 10/2(g). Such students are called *eligible students* in this procedure.

D. Official Records Custodians

Each Building Principal is designated the Official Records Custodian for his or her respective school and has the duties, without limitation, listed below.

- 1. Is responsible for the maintenance, care, and security of all school student records, whether or not the records are in his or her personal custody or control, and shall take all reasonable measures to protect school student records through administrative, technical, and security safeguards against risks, such as unauthorized access, release, or use. 105 ILCS 10/4(a)&(b); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.40(g).
- 2. Reviews student temporary records at least every 4 years, or upon a student's change in attendance centers, whichever occurs first, to verify entries and correct inaccurate information. The records review is required in any given school year at the time a student first changes attendance centers within the District, but it does not need to be conducted if the student enrolls in a different attendance center later in that same school year. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.40(b).
- 3. When notified by the Dept. of Children and Family Services (DCFS), purges DCFS's final finding report from the student's record and returns the report to DCFS. If a school has transferred the report to another school as part of the transfer of the student's records, the sending school shall forward a copy of the DCFS's request to the receiving school. 325 ILCS 5/8.6.
- 4. Manages requests to access school student records.
- 5. Transfers a certified copy of the records of students transferring to another school and retains the original records.
- 6. Provides all required notices to parents/guardians and students, including without limitation, each of the following:
 - a. Upon initial enrollment or transfer to the school, notification of rights concerning school student records; the notification may be delivered by any means likely to reach parents, including direct mail or email, delivery by the student to the parent, or incorporation into a student handbook. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.30.
 - b. Annual notification of information that is considered to be *directory information* and of the procedures to be used by parents/guardians to request that specific information not be released. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.80.
 - c. Notification to secondary students and their parents/guardians that they may opt out of the disclosure of students' names, addresses, and telephone listings to military recruiters and institutions of higher learning. Sec. 9528 of the No Child Left Behind, 20 U.S.C. §7908.

- d. Notification of their right to a hearing to challenge any entry in the school student records (except for academic grades) and Official Records Custodian's name and contact information. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.90.
- e. Upon a student's graduation, transfer, or permanent withdrawal, notification of the destruction schedule for the student's permanent and temporary school student records and of their right to request a copy. 105 ILCS 10/4(h); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.40(c).
- 7. Takes all action necessary to assure that school personnel are informed of the provisions of the School Student Records Act. 105 ILCS 10/3(c).
- 8. Performs all actions required of the District described in this procedure and the laws governing school student records.

The Building Principal may delegate any of these duties to an appropriate staff member but shall remain responsible for the duty's execution.

E. Maintenance of School Student Records 105 ILCS 10/2; 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.10.

The District maintains two types of school records for each student: a *permanent* record and a *temporary* record.

The *student permanent record* shall consist of the following and only the following:

- 1. Basic identifying information, including the student's name and address, birth date and place, gender, and the names and addresses of the student's parent(s)/guardian(s)
- 2. Academic transcripts, including grades, class rank, graduation date, grade level achieved, scores on college entrance examinations (except that a parent/guardian or eligible student may request, in writing, the removal from the academic transcript of any score received on college entrance examinations), and the unique student identifier assigned and used by ISBE's Student Information System (23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.75.)
- 3. Attendance record
- 4. Health record, defined by ISBE rule as "medical documentation necessary for enrollment and proof of dental examinations, as may be required under Section 27-8.1 of the School Code"
- 5. Record of release of permanent record information that contains the information listed in the subsection on **Record of Release**, below
- 6. Scores received on all State assessment tests administered at the high school level (that is, grades 9 through 12)

ISBE rule provides that if not maintained in the temporary record, the *permanent record* may include:

- 1. Honors and awards received
- 2. Information concerning participation in school-sponsored activities or athletics, or offices held in school-sponsored organizations

No other information shall be placed in the permanent record.

The *student temporary record* contains all information not required to be kept in the student permanent record and must include:

- 1. Record of release of temporary record information that contains the information listed in the subsection on **Record of Release**, below
- 2. Scores received on the State assessment tests administered in the elementary grade levels (that is, kindergarten through grade 8)
- 3. Completed home language survey (23 Ill.Admin.Code §228.15(d).)
- 4. Information regarding serious disciplinary infractions (that is, those involving drugs, weapons, or bodily harm to another) that resulted in expulsion, suspension, or the imposition of punishment or sanction

- 5. Any final finding report received from a Child Protective Service Unit provided to the school under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act; no report other than what is required under Section 8.6 of that Act shall be placed in the student record (23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.40(f).)
- 6. Health-related information, defined by ISBE rule as "current documentation of a student's health information, not otherwise governed by the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act (740 ILCS 110) or other privacy laws, which includes identifying information, health history, results of mandated testing and screenings, medication dispensation records and logs (e.g., glucose readings), long-term medications administered during school hours, documentation
- 7. regarding a student athlete's and his or her parents' acknowledgment of the District's concussion policy adopted pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/10-20.53, and other health-related information that is relevant to school participation (e.g., nursing services plan, failed screenings, yearly sports physical exams, interim health histories for sports)
- 8. Accident report, defined by ISBE rule as "documentation of any reportable student accident that results in an injury to a student, occurring on the way to or from school or on school grounds, at a school athletic event or when a student is participating in a school program or school-sponsored activity or on a school bus and that is severe enough to cause the student not to be in attendance for one-half day or more or requires medical treatment other than first aid. The accident report shall include identifying information, nature of injury, days lost, cause of injury, location of accident, medical treatment given to the student at the time of the accident, or whether the school nurse has referred the student for a medical evaluation, regardless of whether the parent, guardian or student (if 18 years or older) or an unaccompanied homeless youth ... has followed through on that request."
- 9. Any documentation of a student's transfer, including records indicating the school or school district to which the student transferred (23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.75(e).)
- 10. Completed course substitution form for any student who, when under the age of 18, is enrolled in vocational and technical course as a substitute for a high school or graduation requirement (23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.445.)

The temporary record may also consist of:

- 1. Family background information
- 2. Intelligence test scores, group and individual
- 3. Aptitude test scores
- 4. Reports of psychological evaluations, including information on intelligence, personality, and academic information obtained through test administration, observation, or interviews
- 5. Elementary and secondary achievement level test results
- 6. Participation in extracurricular activities, including any offices held in school-sponsored clubs or organizations
- 7. Honors and awards received
- 8. Teacher anecdotal records
- 9. Other disciplinary information
- 10. Special education records
- 11. Records associated with plans developed under section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. §701 et seq.)
- 12. Verified reports or information from non-educational persons, agencies, or organizations of clear relevance to the student's education

F. Retention and Destruction of School Student Records

The permanent record is maintained for at least 60 years after the student transfers, graduates, or permanently withdraws. 105 ILCS 10/4(e). The temporary record is maintained for at least 5 years after the student transfers, graduates, or permanently withdraws. 105 ILCS 10/4(f). Individuals adding

information to a student's temporary record must include their name, signature, and position and the date the information was added. 105 ILCS 10/4(d). Temporary records that may be of assistance to a student with a disability who graduates or permanently withdraws, may, after 5 years, be transferred to the parent(s)/guardian(s) or to the eligible student. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.40(d).

G. Social Security Numbers

School officials, with limited exceptions, may not require students or their parents/guardians to provide social security numbers. Privacy Act of 1974, 5 U.S.C. §552a, as supplemented by Pub.L. 93-579. The collection and retention of social security numbers shall be in accordance with Board policy 4:15, *Identity Protection*.

H. Access to School Student Records

- a. The phrase "access to a school student record" means any release or disclosure of information from a student's school record, whether or not any record is copied, and should be broadly interpreted. Access in all cases is limited to the designated portion of the record to which the consent or statutory authority applies.
- b. Neither the District nor any of its employees shall release, disclose, or grant access to information found in any school student record except under the conditions set forth in the Illinois School Student Records Act. 105 ILCS 10/6. Absent a court order, school officials do not provide educational records to the Immigration Customs Enforcement.

The Building Principal shall grant access to school student records as detailed below. The Building Principal shall consult with the Superintendent and, if authorized, the Board Attorney concerning any questions.

c. Access to Parent/Guardian or Eligible Student

- 1. A student's parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student, or designee, are entitled to inspect and copy information in the student's school record; a student less than 18 years old may inspect or copy information in his or her permanent school record. 105 ILCS 10/5. A request to inspect or copy school student records shall be made in writing and directed to the Building Principal. Access to the records shall be granted within 15 school days after the receipt of such a request. 105 ILCS 10/5(c). The response to an access request for a special education student's records shall include those school student records located in the special education office.
- 2. The parent(s)/guardian(s) or the District may request a qualified professional to be present to interpret the student's records. 105 ILCS 10/5(b). If the District makes the request, it is responsible for securing and bearing the cost of the professional's presence.
- 3. Unless the District has actual notice of a court order indicating otherwise:
 - a. Divorced or separated parents/guardians are both permitted to inspect and copy the student's school student records otherwise.
 - b. The Building Principal shall send copies of the documents listed below to both parents/guardians at either's request. 105 ILCS 5/10-21.8.
 - 1) Academic progress reports or records
 - 2) Health reports
 - 3) Notices of parent-teacher conferences
 - 4) School calendar regarding the student
 - 5) Notices about open houses, graduations, and other major school events including student-parent/guardian interaction
- 4. The school will deny access to a student's school records to a parent against whom an order of protection was issued. 750 ILCS 60/214(b)(15). See **Orders of Protection**, below.
- 5. Access shall not be granted the parent(s)/guardian(s) or the student to confidential letters and recommendations concerning the admission to a post-secondary educational institution,

applications for employment or the receipt of an honor or award which were placed in the records prior to January 1, 1975, provided such letters and statements are not used for purposes other than those for which they were specifically intended. Access shall not be granted to such letters and statements entered into the record at any time if the student has waived his or her right of access after being advised of his or her right to obtain the names of all persons making such confidential letters and statements. 105 ILCS 10/5(e).

d. Access With Consent of Parent/Guardian or Eligible Student

- 1. Access will be granted to any person possessing a written, dated consent, signed by the parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student, stating to whom the records may be released, the information or record to be released, and the reason for the release. 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(8); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.70(e). Whenever the District requests the consent to release records, the Building Principal shall inform the parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student in writing of the right to inspect, copy, and challenge their contents and to limit such consent to designated portions of the records. 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(8).
- 2. Access to any record that is protected by the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act (MHDDCA, 740 ILCS 110/), specifically that of a therapist, social worker, psychologist, nurse, agency, or hospital that was made in the course of providing mental health or developmental disabilities services to a student, will be granted according to the consent requirements contained in MHDDCA. 740 ILCS 110/4&5.

e. Access Without Notification to or Consent of Parent/Guardian or Eligible Student

- 1. District employees or officials of the Illinois State Board of Education will be granted access, without parental/guardian consent or notification, when a current, demonstrable, educational or administrative need is shown. Access in such cases is limited to the satisfaction of that need. 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(2). Individual board members do not have a right to see student records merely by virtue of their office unless they have a current demonstrable educational or administrative interest in the student and seeing his or her record(s) would be in furtherance of the interest. 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(2).
- 2. Access will be granted, without parental/guardian consent or notification, to any person for the purpose of research, statistical reporting, or planning, provided that no student or parent/guardian can be identified from the information released, and the person to whom the information is released signs an affidavit agreeing to comply with all applicable statutes and rules pertaining to school student records. 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(4).
- 3. The District will comply with an *ex parte* court order requiring it to permit the U.S. Attorney General or designee to have access to a student's school records without notice to or the consent of the student's parent(s)/guardian(s). 20 U.S.C. §1232(g)(j), as added by the Sec. 507 of the U.S.A. Patriot Act of 2001. An *ex parte* order is an order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction without notice to an adverse party.
- 4. A SHOCAP (Serious Habitual Offender Comprehensive Action Program) committee member will be granted access, but only to the extent that the release, transfer, disclosure, or dissemination is consistent with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act. 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(10) allows disclosure to SHOCAP committee members who are "state and local officials and authorities" as those terms are used in the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act. This federal law does not define "state and local officials and authorities;" rather, it limits when disclosure may be made to such officials and authorities.
- 5. Juvenile authorities will be granted access when necessary for the discharge of their official duties upon their request before the student's adjudication, provided they certify in writing that the information will not be disclosed to any other party except as provided under law or order of court.

Juvenile authorities means: (a) a circuit court judge and court staff members designated by the judge; (b) parties to the proceedings under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and their attorneys; (c) probation officers and court appointed advocates for the juvenile authorized by the judge hearing the case; (d) any individual, public or private agency having court-ordered custody of the child; (e) any individual, public or private agency providing education, medical or mental health service to the child when the requested information is needed to determine the appropriate service or treatment for the minor; (f) any potential placement provider when such release is authorized by the court to determine the appropriateness of the potential placement; (g) law enforcement officers and prosecutors; (h) adult and juvenile prisoner review boards; (i) authorized military personnel; and (j) individuals authorized by court. 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(6.5).

- 6. Military recruiters and institutions of higher learning will be granted access to secondary students' names, addresses, and telephone listings, unless an objection is made by the student's parent(s)/guardian(s). Military recruiters and institutions of higher learning have access to students' names, addresses, and phone numbers even if the District does not release directory information. Sec. 9528 of the No Child Left Behind, 20 U.S.C. §7908. For more information, see 7:340-AP1, E3, *Letter*
- f. to Parents Concerning Military Recruiters and Postsecondary Institutions Receiving Student Directory Information; 7:340-AP1, E4, Frequently Asked Questions Regarding Military Recruiters Access to Students and Student Information. The requirements in this paragraph #6 apply only if the District receives funds under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. Id.

g. Access Without Consent of, but With Notification to, Parent/Guardian or Eligible Student

- 1. Access will be granted pursuant to a court order, provided that the parent(s)/guardian(s) shall be given prompt written notice of such order's terms, the nature and substance of the information proposed to be released, and an opportunity to inspect and copy such records and to challenge their contents. 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(5). Parents of students who are named in a court order shall be deemed to have received the required written notice. The Building Principal shall respond to the order no earlier than 5 school days after its receipt in order to afford parents/guardians the opportunity to review, inspect, and challenge the records if the parents choose to do so. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.70(d).
- h. For the purposes of these procedures, a court order is a document signed by a judge. A subpoena signed by a court clerk, an attorney, or an administrative agency official shall not be considered a court order unless signed by a judge. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.40(a).
 - 2. Information may be released without parental consent, in connection with an articulable and significant threat to the health or safety of a student or other individuals, to appropriate persons if the knowledge of the requested information is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other individuals. The Building Principal shall make this decision taking into consideration the seriousness of the threat, the need for such records to meet the emergency, whether the persons to whom such records are released are in a position to deal with the emergency, and the extent to which time is of the essence in dealing with the emergency. 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(7); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.60. The Building Principal shall notify the parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student, no later than the next school day after the date that the information is released, of the date of the release, the person, agency or organization to whom the release was made, and the purpose of the release.
 - 3. The District will grant access as specifically required by federal or State statute, provided the individual complies with the requirements in 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.70(b). 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(6). Prior to granting access, the Building Principal shall provide prompt written notice to

the parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student of this intended action. 105 ILCS 10/6(b); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.70. This notification shall include a statement concerning the nature and substance of the records to be released and the right to inspect, copy, and challenge the contents. If the release relates to more than 25 students, a notice published in the newspaper is sufficient.

The District charges \$.35 per page for copying information from a student's records. No parent/guardian or student shall be precluded from copying information because of financial hardship. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.50.

I. Record of Release

- i. Except as provided below, a record of all releases of information from school student records (including all instances of access granted whether or not records were copied) shall be kept and maintained as part of such records. 105 ILCS 10/6(c). This record shall be maintained for the life of the school student record and shall be accessible only to the parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student, Building Principal, or other authorized person. The record of release shall include each of the following:
 - 1. Information released or made accessible
 - 2. The name and signature of the Building Principal
 - 3. The name and position of the person obtaining the release or access
 - 4. The date of the release or grant of access
 - 5. A copy of any consent to such release

No record of a disclosure is maintained when records are disclosed according to the terms of an *ex parte* court order. 20 U.S.C. §1232(g)(j)(4).

J. Orders of Protection

Upon receipt of a court order of protection, the Building Principal shall file it in the temporary record of a student who is the *protected person* under the order of protection. No information or records shall be released to the Respondent named in the order of protection. 750 ILCS 60/222(e).

K. Transmission of Records for Transfer Students 105 ILCS 10/6(a)(3); 23 Ill.Admin.Code §§375.70 & 375.75.

The Building Principal shall:

- 1. Upon the student's request or that of the official records custodian of another school in which the student has enrolled or intends to enroll, transfer a certified copy of the student's record (that is, the student's permanent and temporary record) to the official records custodian of the appropriate school and retain the original records. See policy 7:50, *School Admissions and Student Transfers To and From Non-District Schools*.
- 2. Determine if the school or special education office has any record that is protected by the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act (MHDDCA, 740 ILCS 110/) concerning the transferring student, specifically a record or report made by a therapist, social worker, psychologist, nurse, agency, or hospital that was made in the course of providing mental health or developmental disabilities services. If so, ask the appropriate person as identified in 740 ILCS 110/4 whether to send the record protected by MHDDCA to the new school and, if *yes*, obtain a written consent for disclosure as provided in 740 ILCS 110/5.

This requirement does not apply to special education records and reports that are related to the identification, evaluation, or placement of, or the provision of a free and appropriate public education to, students with disabilities. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.10.

- 3. Provide the parent/guardian or eligible student prior written notice of the nature and substance of the information to be transferred and opportunity to inspect, copy, and challenge it. If the parent's/guardian's address is unknown, notice may be served upon the official records custodian of the requesting school for transmittal to the parent/guardian. This service is deemed conclusive, and 10 calendar days after this service, if the parents/guardians make no objection, the records may be transferred to the requesting school.
- 4. Destroy any biometric information collected and do not transfer it to another school district.
- 5. Retain the original records in accordance with the requirements of 105 ILCS 10/4.
- 6. Maintain any documentation of the student's transfer, including records indicating the school or school district to which the student transferred, in that student's temporary record.

If the student has unpaid fines, fees, or tuition charged pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/10-20.12a and is transferring to a public school located in Illinois or any other state, the Building Principal shall: 23 Ill.Admin.Code §§375.75(i).

- 1. Transfer the student's *unofficial record of student grades* in lieu of the student's official transcript of scholastic records. The *unofficial record of student grades* means written information relative to the grade levels and subjects in which a student was enrolled and the record of academic grades achieved by that student prior to transfer. These records shall also include the school's name and address, the student's name, the name and title of the school official transmitting the records, and the transmittal date.
- 2. Within 10 calendar days after the student has paid all of his or her unpaid fines or fees and at this District's own expense, forward the student's official transcript of scholastic records to the student's new school.

The Principal shall include the following information with the transferred records if the student is transferring to another public school located in Illinois or any other state and at the time of the transfer is currently serving a term of suspension or expulsion for any reason: 105 ILCS 5/2-3.13a.

- 1. The date and duration of the period of any current suspension or expulsion; and
- 2. Whether the suspension or expulsion is for, (a) knowingly possessing in a school building or on school grounds a weapon as defined in the Gun Free Schools Act (20 U.S.C. §8921 et seq.); (b) knowingly possessing, selling, or delivering in a school building or on school grounds a controlled substance or cannabis; or (c) battering a school staff member.

L. Directory Information 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.80

The School may release certain directory information regarding students, except that a student's parent(s)/guardian(s) may prohibit the release of the student's directory information. Directory information is limited to:

- 1. Name
- 2. Address
- 3. Gender
- 4. Grade level
- 5. Birth date and place
- 6. Parents'/guardians' names, addresses, electronic mail addresses, and telephone numbers

- 7. Photographs, videos, or digital images used for informational or news-related purposes (whether by a media outlet or by the school) of a student participating in school or school-sponsored activities, organizations, and athletics that have appeared in school publications, such as yearbooks, newspapers, or sporting or fine arts programs
- 8. Academic awards, degrees, and honors
- 9. Information in relation to school-sponsored activities, organizations, and athletics
- 10. Major field of study
- 11. Period of attendance in school

No photograph highlighting individual faces shall be used for commercial purposes, including solicitation, advertising, promotion, or fundraising, without the prior, specific, dated, and written consent of the parent or eligible student (see 765 ILCS 1075/30). 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.80. The following shall not be designated as directory information: (a) an image on a school security video, or (b) student social security number or student identification or unique student identifier. <u>Id</u>.

The notification to parents/guardians and students concerning school student records will inform them of their right to object to the release of directory information. See 7:340-AP1, E1, *Notice to Parents/Guardians and Students of Their Rights Concerning a Student's School Records*.

M. Student Record Challenges

Parents/guardians have the right to a hearing to challenge the accuracy, relevancy, or propriety of any entry in their student's school records, exclusive of academic grades and references to expulsions or out-of-school suspensions, if the challenge is made at the time the student's school student records are forwarded to another school to which the student is transferring. 105 ILCS 10/7; 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.90. A request for a hearing should be submitted to the Superintendent and shall contain notice of the specific entry or entries to be challenged and the basis of the challenge. The following procedures apply to a challenge: 105 ILCS 10/7; 23 Ill.Admin.Code §375.90.

- 1. The Superintendent or designee will invite the parent(s)/guardian(s) to an initial informal conference, within 15 school days of receipt of the request for a hearing.
- 2. If the challenge is not resolved by the informal conference, formal procedures shall be initiated. The Superintendent will appoint a hearing officer, who is not employed in the attendance center in which the student is enrolled.
- 3. The hearing officer will conduct a hearing within a reasonable time, but no later than 15 days after the informal conference, unless an extension of time is agreed upon by the parent(s)/guardian(s) and school officials. The hearing officer shall notify parents and school officials of the time and place of the hearing.
- 4. At the hearing each party shall have the right to:
 - a. Present evidence and to call witnesses;
 - b. Cross-examine witnesses;
 - c. Counsel;
 - d. A written statement of any decision and the reasons therefore; and
 - e. Appeal an adverse decision to an administrative tribunal or official to be established or designated by the State Board.
- 5. A verbatim record of the hearing shall be made by a tape recorder or a court reporter. A typewritten transcript may be prepared by either party in the event of an appeal of the hearing officer's decision. However, a typewritten transcript is not required in an appeal.

- 6. The written decision of the hearing officer shall, no later than 10 school days after the conclusion of the hearing, be transmitted to the parent(s)/guardian(s) and the School District. It shall be based solely on the information presented at the hearing and shall be one of the following:
 - a. To retain the challenged contents of the school student record;
 - b. To remove the challenged contents of the school student record; or
 - c. To change, clarify or add to the challenged contents of the school student record.
- 7. Any party has the right to appeal the decision of the local hearing officer to the Regional Superintendent or appropriate Intermediate Service Center, within 20 school days after the decision is transmitted. The parent(s)/guardian(s), if they appeal, shall so inform the school and within 10 school days the school shall forward a transcript of the hearing, a copy of the record entry in question, and any other pertinent materials to the Regional Superintendent or appropriate Intermediate Service Center. The school may initiate an appeal by the same procedures.
- 8. The final decision of the Regional Superintendent or appropriate Intermediate Service Center may be appealed to the circuit court of the county in which the school is located.
- 9. The parent(s)/guardian(s) may insert a written statement of reasonable length describing their position on disputed information. The school will include a copy of the statement in any release of the information in dispute. 105 ILCS 10/7(d).

LEGAL REF.:	Family Education Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. §1232g; implemented by 34 C.F.R.
	Part 99.

Illinois School Student Records Act, 105 ILCS 10/2; implemented by 23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 375.

Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act, 740 ILCS 110/.

Date Established:	
Date Revised:	10/15/2013

Exhibit - Notice to Parents/Guardians and Students of Their Rights Concerning a Student's School Records

Upon the initial enrollment or transfer of a student to the school, the school must notify the student and the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) of their rights concerning school student records. This notification may be distributed by any means likely to reach parents/guardians.

The contact information for each School's Official Records Custodian follows:

Elementary School – Elementary Principal
Jr/Sr High School – Jr/Sr High School Principal

This notice contains a description of your and your student's rights concerning school student records.

A school student record is any writing or other recorded information concerning a student and by which a student may be identified individually that is maintained by a school or at its direction or by a school employee, regardless of how or where the information is stored, except for certain records kept in a staff member's sole possession; records maintained by law enforcement officers working in the school; video and other electronic recordings that are created in part for law enforcement, security, or safety reasons or purposes; and electronic recordings made on school buses. The District maintains two types of school records for each student: *permanent* record and *temporary* record.

The *permanent record* includes:

- 1. Basic identifying information, including the student's name and address, birth date and place, gender, and the names and addresses of the student's parent(s)/guardian(s)
- 2. Academic transcripts, including grades, class rank, graduation date, grade level achieved, scores on college entrance examinations, and the unique student identifier assigned and used by the Illinois State Board of Education's Student Information System
- 3. Attendance record
- 4. Health record defined by the Illinois State Board of Education as "medical documentation necessary for enrollment and proof of dental examinations, as may be required under Section 27-8.1 of the School Code"
- 5. Record of release of permanent record information that includes each of the following:
 - a. The nature and substance of the information released
 - b. The name and signature of the official records custodian releasing such information
 - c. The name and capacity of the requesting person and the purpose for the request
 - d. The date of release
 - e. A copy of any consent to a release
- 6. Scores received on all State assessment tests administered at the high school level (that is, grades 9 through 12)

The permanent record may include:

- 1. Honors and awards received
- 2. Information concerning participation in school-sponsored activities or athletics, or offices held in school-sponsored organizations.

All information not required to be kept in the student permanent record is kept in the student *temporary* record and must include:

1. Record of release of temporary record information that includes the same information as listed above for the record of release of permanent records

- 2. Scores received on the State assessment tests administered in the elementary grade levels (that is, kindergarten through grade 8)
- 3. Completed home language survey
- 4. Information regarding serious disciplinary infractions (that is, those involving drugs, weapons, or bodily harm to another) that resulted in expulsion, suspension, or the imposition of punishment or sanction
- 5. Any final finding report received from a Child Protective Service Unit provided to the school under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act; no report other than what is required under Section 8.6 of that Act shall be placed in the student record
- 6. Health-related information, defined by the Illinois State Board of Education as "current documentation of a student's health information, not otherwise governed by the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act or other privacy laws, which includes identifying information, health history, results of mandated testing and screenings, medication dispensation records and logs (e.g., glucose readings), long-term medications administered during school hours, and other health-related information that is relevant to school participation, e.g., nursing services plan, failed screenings, yearly sports physical exams, interim health histories for sports"
- 7. Accident report, defined by the Illinois State Board of Education as "documentation of any reportable student accident that results in an injury to a student, occurring on the way to or from school or on school grounds, at a school athletic event or when a student is participating in a school program or school-sponsored activity or on a school bus and that is severe enough to cause the student not to be in attendance for one-half day or more or requires medical treatment other than first aid. The accident report shall include identifying information, nature of injury, days lost, cause of injury, location of accident, medical treatment given to the student at the time of the accident, or whether the school nurse has referred the student for a medical evaluation, regardless of whether the parent, guardian or student (if 18 years or older) or an unaccompanied homeless youth ... has followed through on that request."
- 8. Any documentation of a student's transfer, including records indicating the school or school district to which the student transferred
- 9. Completed course substitution form for any student who, when under the age of 18, is enrolled in vocational and technical course as a substitute for a high school or graduation requirement

The temporary record may include:

- 1. Family background information
- 2. Intelligence test scores, group and individual
- 3. Aptitude test scores
- 4. Reports of psychological evaluations, including information on intelligence, personality and academic information obtained through test administration, observation, or interviews
- 5. Elementary and secondary achievement level test results
- 6. Participation in extracurricular activities, including any offices held in school-sponsored clubs or organizations
- 7. Honors and awards received
- 8. Teacher anecdotal records
- 9. Other disciplinary information
- 10. Special education records
- 11. Records associated with plans developed under section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973
- 12. Verified reports or information from non-educational persons, agencies, or organizations of clear relevance to the student's education

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) and the Illinois Student Records Act afford parents/guardians and students over 18 years of age ("eligible students") certain rights with respect to the student's school records. They are:

1. The right to inspect and copy the student's education records within 15 school days of the day the District receives a request for access.

The degree of access a student has to his or her records depends on the student's age. Students less than 18 years of age have the right to inspect and copy only their permanent record. Students 18 years of age or older have access and copy rights to both permanent and temporary records. Parents/guardians or students should submit to the Building Principal (or appropriate school official) a written request that identifies the record(s) they wish to inspect. The Principal will make arrangements for access and notify the parent(s)/guardian(s) or student of the time and place where the records may be inspected. The District charges \$.35 per page for copying but no one will be denied their right to copies of their records for inability to pay this cost.

These rights are denied to any person against whom an order of protection has been entered concerning a student (105 ILCS 5/10-22.3c and 10/5a, and 750 ILCS 60/214(b)(15).

2. The right to request the amendment of the student's education records that the parent(s)/ guardian(s) or eligible student believes are inaccurate, irrelevant, or improper.

Parents/guardians or eligible students may ask the District to amend a record that they believe is inaccurate, irrelevant, or improper. They should write the Building Principal or the Official Records Custodian, clearly identify the record they want changed, and specify the reason.

If the District decides not to amend the record as requested by the parents/guardians or eligible student, the District will notify the parents/guardians or eligible student of the decision and advise him or her of their right to a hearing regarding the request for amendment. Additional information regarding the hearing procedures will be provided to the parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student when notified of the right to a hearing.

3. The right to permit disclosure of personally identifiable information contained in the student's education records, except to the extent that the FERPA or Illinois School Student Records Act authorizes disclosure without consent.

Disclosure without consent is permitted to school officials with legitimate educational or administrative interests. A school official is a person employed by the District as an administrator, supervisor, instructor, or support staff member (including health or medical staff and law enforcement unit personnel); a person serving on the School Board; a person or company with whom the District has contracted to perform a special task (such as an attorney, auditor, medical consultant, or therapist); or any parent(s)/guardian(s) or student serving on an official committee, such as a disciplinary or grievance committee, or assisting another school official in performing his or her tasks. Individual board members do not have a right to see student records merely by virtue of their office unless they have a current demonstrable educational or administrative interest in the student and seeing his or her record(s) would be in furtherance of the interest.

A school official has a legitimate educational interest if the official needs to review an education record in order to fulfill his or her professional responsibility.

Upon request, the District discloses education records without consent to officials of another school district in which a student has enrolled or intends to enroll, as well as to any person as specifically required by State or federal law. Before information is released to these individuals, the parents/guardians will receive prior written notice of the nature and substance of the information, and an opportunity to inspect, copy, and challenge such records.

When a challenge is made at the time the student's records are being forwarded to another school to which the student is transferring, there is no right to challenge: (1) academic grades, or (2) references to expulsions or out-of-school suspensions.

Disclosure is also permitted without consent to: any person for research, statistical reporting or planning, provided that no student or parent(s)/guardian(s) can be identified; any person named in a court order; appropriate persons if the knowledge of such information is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other persons; and juvenile authorities when necessary for the discharge of their official duties who request information before adjudication of the student.

4. The right to a copy of any school student record proposed to be destroyed or deleted.

The permanent record is maintained for at least 60 years after the student transfers, graduates, or permanently withdraws. The temporary record is maintained for at least 5 years after the student transfers, graduates, or permanently withdraws. Temporary records that may be of assistance to a student with a disability who graduates or permanently withdraws, may, after 5 years, be transferred to the parent(s)/guardian(s) or to the student, if the student has succeeded to the rights of the parent(s)/guardian(s). Student temporary records are reviewed every 4 years or upon a student's change in attendance centers, whichever occurs first.

5. The right to prohibit the release of directory information concerning the parent's/guardian's child.

Throughout the school year, the District may release directory information regarding students, limited to:

- a. Name
- b. Address
- c. Gender
- d. Grade level
- e. Birth date and place
- f. Parent(s)'/guardian(s)' names, addresses, electronic mail addresses, and telephone numbers
- g. Photographs, videos, or digital images used for informational or news-related purposes (whether by a media outlet or by the school) of a student participating in school or school-sponsored activities, organizations, and athletics that have appeared in school publications, such as yearbooks, newspapers, or sporting or fine arts programs
- h. Academic awards, degrees, and honors
- i. Information in relation to school-sponsored activities, organizations, and athletics
- j. Major field of study
- k. Period of attendance in school

Any parent/guardian or eligible student may prohibit the release of any or all of the above information by delivering a written objection to the Building Principal within 30 days of the date of this notice. No directory information will be released within this time period, unless the parents/guardians or eligible student is specifically informed otherwise.

No photograph highlighting individual faces is allowed for commercial purposes, including solicitation, advertising, promotion or fundraising without the prior, specific, dated and written consent of the parent or student, as applicable; and no image on a school security video recording shall be designated as directory information.

6. The right to request that military recruiters or institutions of higher learning not be granted access to your secondary school student's name, address, and telephone numbers without your prior written consent.

Federal law requires a secondary school to grant military recruiters and institutions of higher learning, upon their request, access to secondary school students' names, addresses, and telephone numbers, unless the parents/guardians, or student who is 18 years of age or older, request that the information not be disclosed without prior written consent. If you wish to exercise this option, notify the Building Principal where your student is enrolled for further instructions.

- 7. The right contained in this statement: No person may condition the granting or withholding of any right, privilege or benefits or make as a condition of employment, credit, or insurance the securing by any individual of any information from a student's temporary record which such individual may obtain through the exercise of any right secured under State law.
- 8. The right to file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Education concerning alleged failures by the District to comply with the requirements of FERPA.

The name and address of the Office that administers FERPA is:

Family Policy Compliance Office U.S. Department of Education 400 Maryland Avenue, SW Washington DC 20202-4605

Date Revised:	10/15/2013

Distribute to parent(s)/guardians(s) at the time they register a child for school and/or annually at the beginning of the school year.

Pictures of Unnamed Students

Students may occasionally appear in photographs and videotapes taken by school staff members, other students, or other individuals authorized by the Building Principal. The school may use these pictures, without identifying the student, in various publications, including the school yearbook, school newspaper, and school website. No consent or notice is needed or will be given before the school uses pictures of unnamed students take while they are at school or a school-related activity.

Pictures of Named Students

Many times, however, the school will want to identify a student in a school picture. School officials want to acknowledge those students who participate in a school activity or deserve special recognition.

In order for the school to publish a picture with a student identified by name, one of the student's parents or guardians must sign a consent form. Please complete and sign this form to allow the school to publish and otherwise use photographs and videotapes, with your child or ward identified, while he or she is enrolled in this school.

I grant consent to Dakota School District to identify a picture of my child or ward, by full name and/or the school he or she attends, in any school sponsored material, publication, videotape, or website. This consent is valid for the entire time my child or ward is enrolled in Dakota School. I may revoke this consent at any time by notifying the Building Principal.

Child or Ward's Name	Grade	Date
Signed Parent/Guardian's N	Jame Printed Parent/	Guardian's Name

Pictures of Students Taken by Non-School Agencies

While the school limits access to school building by outside photographers, it has no control over news media or other entities that may publish a picture of a named or unnamed student. School staff members may, however, identify a student for an outside photographer.

Dakota Jr. High Summer School

All 7th and 8th grade students are required to pass the core academic subject areas of math, language arts, literature, science and social studies. Students who fail one or more of these subjects will be offered the option of summer school. If the student does not successfully complete summer school in the failed areas, he/she will be retained in any of the failed subjects.

If the student fails four or five core academic classes, he/she will be retained at the current grade level in all classes and will not have the option of attending summer school. If he/she fails three of the five core classes, the case will be reviewed by administration and the curricular departments to determine eligibility for summer school.

ATTENDANCE: Administration reserves the right to remove any student from summer school due to poor attendance. Summer school success is dependent upon good attendance.

FEES: A summer school fee will be assessed to cover the cost of materials and supplies. This fee must be paid prior to the first day of attendance.

Ref.:		
Date Established:	9/24/03	
Date Revised:	12/18/12	

Student Biometric Information

For purposes of this section, "biometric information" means any information that is collected through an identification process for individuals based on their unique behavioral or physiological characteristics, including fingerprints, hand geometry, voice, or facial recognition or physiological characteristics, including fingerprint, hand geometry, voice, or facial recognition or iris or retinal scans.

As a means to provide a secure and safe educational environment, the District collects biometric information from students and may utilize that information to identify students, to control access to school facilities, to minimize the possibility of improper use of stolen or lost student identification materials, and to prevent the fraudulent use of student identification materials.

The collection and use of student biometric information shall be in accordance with the following requirements:

- 1. Written permission from the individual who has legal custody of the student, as defined by Section 10-20.12b of the Illinois School Code, or from the student if he or she is 18 years of age or older, must be obtained. The failure to obtain such consent shall not serve as the basis for the refusal of any services otherwise available to the student from the District.
- 2. Student biometric information shall be collected, transmitted and stored in a manner designed to protect it from disclosure.
- 3. Student biometric information shall be used solely for identification and fraud prevention purposes.
- 4. The sale, lease, or other disclosure of the student biometric information to another person or entity other than the District is prohibited unless:
 - a. The individual who has legal custody of the student, or the student if he or she is 18 years of age or older, consents to the disclosure; or
 - b. The disclosure is required by court order.
- 5. The District shall discontinue the use of a student's biometric information upon either of the following occurrences:
 - j. The student's graduation or withdrawal from the school district; or
 - k. The receipt of a written request to discontinue the use of such information from the individual having legal custody of the student or from the student if he or she is 18 years or age or older.
- 6. In the event the District discontinues the use of a student's biometric information in accordance with section 5 above, the District shall destroy all of that student's biometric information within 30 days after the use of such information is discontinued.

Ref.: <u>LEGAL</u>	REF: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.40
Date Established	: October 16, 2007
Date Revised:	

DAKOTA COMMUNITY UNIT SCHOOL DISTRICT # 201 BIOMETRIC INFORMATION CONSENT

FOR PARENTS/LEGAL GUARDIANS

that h inform policy studen	e/she has read and is nation and hereby cons . This consent shall be the treaches the age of 1	or and/or has legal custody of[student_name] as of the Illinois School Code. By signing below, the undersigned acknowledges familiar with the District's policy concerning the use of student biometric ents to the collection and use of such information in accordance with District valid unless and until discontinued by the undersigned, or by the student if the 3. The undersigned acknowledges his/her right to discontinue this consent by ag of his/her request to discontinue this consent.
BY:		STUDENT ID NO:
	Print Name	
		DATE:
	Signature	
FOR :	STUDENTS 18 YEAF	S OF AGE OR OLDER
below conce inform the un	, the undersigned ack rning the use of studer nation in accordance w dersigned. The under	[student name], is 18 years of age or older. By signing nowledges that he/she has read and is familiar with the District's policy t biometric information and hereby consents to the collection and use of such th District policy. This consent shall be valid unless and until discontinued by signed acknowledges his/her right to discontinue this consent by notifying the equest to discontinue this consent.
BY:		STUDENT ID NO:
	Print Name	
		D.O.B. / /
	Signature	
	DATE:	